

# QUADRATIC EQUATIONS

Factoring.

$$2p^2 - 15 = -p$$

$$2p^2 + p - 15 = 0$$

$$(2p - 5)(p + 3) = 0$$

$$2p - 5 = 0 \quad p + 3 = 0$$

$$p = 5/2 \quad p = -3$$

$$(3x^3 - 5x^2 + 12x - 20) = 0$$

$$x^2(3x - 5) + 4(3x - 5)$$

$$(3x - 5)(x^2 + 4) = 0$$

$$3x - 5 = 0$$

$$x^2 + 4 = 0$$

$$x = 5/3$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{-4}$$

$$x = \pm 2i$$

$$(p+2)(p+9) = 44$$

$$p^2 + 9p + 2p + 18 = 44$$

$$p^2 + 11p - 26 = 0$$

$$(p+13)(p-2) = 0$$

$$p = -13 \quad p = 2$$

## Completing the Square

$$\sqrt{(x+4)^2} = \sqrt{81}$$

$$x+4 = \pm 9$$

$$x = -4 \pm 9$$

$$x = \begin{matrix} -4+9 & -4-9 \\ 5, & -13 \end{matrix}$$

$$\swarrow \text{FOIL} \quad (x-3)^2 = x^2 - 6x + 9$$

$$(x+7)^2 = x^2 - \frac{14x}{7} + \frac{49}{7^2}$$

$$x^2 + \underset{5}{10x} + \underline{25} = (x+5)^2$$

$$x^2 - \underset{-9}{18x} + \underline{81} = (x-9)^2$$

$$x^2 + \underset{+\frac{11}{2}}{11x} + \underline{\frac{121}{4}} = \left(x + \frac{11}{2}\right)^2$$

$$\text{Divide} \rightarrow \frac{5x^2}{5} - \frac{20x}{5} - \frac{15}{5} = \frac{0}{5}$$

$$x^2 - 4x - 3 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 4x + 4 = 3 + 4$$

$$\sqrt{(x-2)^2} = \sqrt{7}$$

$$x-2 = \pm\sqrt{7}$$

$$x = 2 \pm \sqrt{7}$$

$$2+\sqrt{7}, 2-\sqrt{7}$$

$$\frac{3x^2}{3} + \frac{21x}{3} - \frac{3}{3} = \frac{0}{3}$$

$$x^2 + 7x - 1 = 0$$

$$x^2 + 7x + \frac{49}{4} = 1 + \frac{49}{4}$$

$$+ \frac{7}{2}$$

$$\sqrt{\left(x + \frac{7}{2}\right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{53}{4}}$$

$$x + \frac{7}{2} = \pm \frac{\sqrt{53}}{2}$$

$$x = -\frac{7}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{53}}{2}$$

$$\frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{53}}{2}$$