

Linear Equations & Inequalities

$$4 \left[4 - \frac{3x}{4} = \frac{1}{2} (x - 5) \right]$$

$$16 - 3x = 2(x - 5)$$

$$16 - 3x = 2x - 10$$

$$\frac{26}{5} = \frac{x}{5}$$

Problem Solving

- 1) Gather & organize ^{chart} information
 - *Read the ENTIRE problem.
 - *Read it again!!!!
 - *Highlight key information
 - *Identify what you are supposed to find
- 2) Make the problem visual
 - *Draw & label a picture
 - *Organize info in a table
- 3) Develop an equation to model the situation.
 - *Assign a variable(s).
 - *Write the equation.
- 4) Solve and consider the solution.
 - *Is the solution logical and reasonable?
 - *Label the solution with units.

A truck leaves a Turnpike terminal traveling at 60 mph. Fifteen minutes later a car leaves the terminal traveling at 72 mph. How long will it take the car to catch the truck?

Rate-Time-Distance

$$\underline{R \cdot T = D}$$

$$T = \frac{D}{R} \quad R = \frac{D}{T}$$

Equal Distance

$$R \times T = D$$

	72	t	$72t$
car			
truck	60	$t + \frac{1}{4}$	$60(t + \frac{1}{4})$

$t =$ car's
travel
time



$$72t = 60(t + \frac{1}{4})$$

$$72t = 60t + 15$$

$$\frac{12t}{12} = \frac{15}{12} = \frac{5}{4} = \boxed{1.25 \text{ hr}}$$

Mixture Problems

A snack company produces Trail Mix which contains dried fruit and mixed nuts. The cost of dried fruit is \$5.50 per pound. The cost of the mixed nuts is \$4.75 per pound. How many pounds of mixed nuts should be added to 10 pounds of dried fruit in order to produce Trail Mix which costs \$4.95 per pound?

$x = \# \text{ of lbs. of mixed nuts}$

	Amt	Cost
Start	10 lb	\$5.50
Add	x	\$4.75
Total	$10+x$	\$4.95

$$\begin{aligned}
 10(\$5.50) + 4.75x &= 4.95(10 + x) \\
 55 + 4.75x &= 49.5 + 4.95x \\
 5.50 &= 0.20x \\
 27.5 &= x
 \end{aligned}$$

27.5 lbs. of mixed nuts

Kendra has 40 mL of a 25% copper sulfate solution. To complete a research project, she needs a 60% copper sulfate solution. How many mL of pure copper sulfate solution should she add to the 25% solution to produce the needed solution?

	mL	%
Start	40	0.25
Add	x	1.00
Total	40+x	0.60%

$x = \text{mL of pure copper sulfate}$

$$40(0.25) + 1.00x = 0.60(40 + x)$$

$$10 + \underset{-0.6}{1}x = \underset{-10}{24} + 0.6x$$

$$0.4x = 14$$

$$\boxed{x = 35 \text{ mL}}$$