

Nonlinear Systems of Equations

Line
Circle

$$\begin{cases} x + 7y = 50 \\ x^2 + y^2 = 100 \end{cases}$$

$$x = 50 - 7y$$

$$(50 - 7y)^2 + y^2 = 100$$

Foils!

$$(50 - 7y)(50 - 7y)$$

$$2500 - 350y - 350y + 49y^2 + y^2 = 100$$

$$50y^2 - 700y + 2400 = 0$$

$$50(y^2 - 14y + 48) = 0$$

$$50(y - 6)(y - 8)$$

$$y = 6 \quad y = 8$$

$$x = 50 - 7y$$

$$y = 6 \quad x = 50 - 42 = 8$$

$$y = 8 \quad x = 50 - 56 = -6$$

$$(8, 6) \quad (-6, 8)$$

Isolate
variable
with smallest
power +
coeff.

$$-1 \begin{cases} x^2 + y = 13 \\ x^2 + y^2 = 25 \end{cases}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 25$$

$$-x^2 - y = -13$$

$$+ x^2 + y^2 = 25$$

$$y^2 - y = 12$$

$$y^2 - y - 12 = 0$$

$$(y - 4)(y + 3) = 0$$

$$y = 4 \quad y = -3$$

$$x^2 + y = 13$$

$$y = 4 \quad x^2 + 4 = 13$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{9}$$

$$x = \pm 3$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3, 4 \\ -3, 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 4, -3 \\ -4, -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

Parabola
Circle

$$y = -3$$

$$x^2 + -3 = 13$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{16}$$

$$x = \pm 4$$

$$\begin{aligned}\log(x+1.1) &= y+3 \\ y+4 &= \log(x^2)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{elim} \\ \text{is possible} \end{aligned} \begin{cases} y+3 = \log(x+1.1) \\ y+4 = \log(x^2) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\log(x+1.1) - 3 &= y \\ y &= \log(x^2) - 4\end{aligned}$$

$$\log(x+1.1) - 3 = \log(x^2) - 4$$

$$1 = \log(x^2) - \log(x+1.1)$$

$$1 = \log\left(\frac{x^2}{x+1.1}\right)$$

$$(x+1.1)10^1 = \frac{x^2}{x+1.1}$$

$$10x + 11 = x^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}0 &= x^2 - 10x - 11 \\ 0 &= (x-11)(x+1)\end{aligned}$$

$$x=11 \quad x=-1$$

$$y = \log(x^2) - 4$$

$$x=11 \quad y = \log(121) - 4$$

$$x=-1 \quad y = \log(1) - 4 = 0 - 4 = -4$$

$$(11, \log(121) - 4) \quad (-1, -4)$$

$$x^2 + y^2 \leq 25$$

Circle
(0,0) $r = \sqrt{25} = 5$

$$x + 2y \leq 5$$

Line

$$0 + 0 \leq 5 \quad T$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 0 & 5/2 = 2.5 \\ 5 & 0 \end{array}$$

\leq solid
 $<$ dotted

$$\frac{2y}{2} \leq -\frac{x}{2} + \frac{5}{2}$$

$$* y \leq -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{5}{2}$$

↑
below graph

