RULES OF EXPONENTS $4x^5 \leftarrow exponents$ coeff. Dase 38 NGE RULE #1 $a^{m} \cdot a^{n} = a^{m+n}$ $\chi^3 \cdot \chi^4 = \chi^7$ $(a^{2}b^{3}c^{4})(a^{3}b^{2}c^{9}) = a^{5}b^{7}c^{13}$ $7^{3} \cdot 7^{2} = 7^{5} = 16807$ $\left(\chi^{4}, 3^{2}\right)\left(\chi^{1}, 3^{2}\right) = \chi^{5}, 3^{4}$ = 32, 81 80

 $\frac{R_{VL} \varepsilon^{\#} 3}{\frac{\chi^{\#}}{\chi^{\#}} = \chi^{2}} \frac{a^{m}}{a^{n}}$ RULE #2 $(a^m)^n = a^{m \cdot n}$ $\frac{12f^3g^8}{4fg^5} = 3f^2g^3$ $)^{4} = K^{2}$ $\left(K^{3}\right)^{4} = K$ $K^{3} \cdot K^{3} \cdot K^{3} \cdot K^{3}$ h^3 $(2pg^{3})^{2} = 2pg^{3}$ h4 $= 64 p^{18} q^{30}$ RULE #4 98 a $\frac{1}{2}P =$ $\frac{1}{7^3} = \frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{2}{2} \frac{3}{5} \frac{5}{5} \frac{1}{5} \frac{-2}{5} \frac{5}{8} + 3}{2}$ = $\frac{1}{5^2} = \frac{1}{25}$ 6 $= 6^{-2} = \frac{1}{6^2} = \frac{1}{36}$ $c^{3} d^{11}$ $a^{6} b^{6}$ 62

 $(2a^{7}b^{3}c^{-2})^{3}(2a^{-9}b^{-7}c^{-5})^{-2}$ RULE #5 a° = $(2a^{-7}b''c^{-5})^2 \cdot (2a^{-91}b^{-8}c^{-91}b^{-1}c^{-9})^{-1}$ $\frac{\chi^7}{\chi^7} = \chi^0 = 1$ $\left(4\alpha^2b^8\right)^0 = 1$ $2^{3}a^{21}b^{9}b^{-6} \cdot 2^{-2}a^{18}b^{2}b^{-10}$ $2^{2}a^{-14}b^{22}c^{-10}$ 3 2 67 = 3 67 2 a 2 c 2-1-14 22-11-10+16 2 b" c 6

 $\frac{\text{OCIENTIFIC NOTATION}}{243,000,000} = 2.43 \times 10^8 \quad \# < | \text{ positive exponent}} \\ \frac{243,000,000}{2,300} = 2.43 \times 10^8 \quad \# < | \text{ nogative exponent}} \\ 0.0792 = 7.92 \times 10^{-2} \\ \frac{2.3a^6}{(3.3 \times 10^6)} \frac{4.7a^3}{(4.7 \times 10^3)} = 1068a^7 \frac{|.7 \times 10^{5-12}}{3.4 \times 10^{12}} \\ = 10.81 \times 10^6 \\ = 1.081 \times 10^{10} \\ = 5 \times 10^{-8} \end{aligned}$