

ASymPTOTES

$$6 \quad p(x) = \frac{x^6 + x^3 - 4}{1 + 2x^7}$$

Vertical

None

$$1 + 2x^7 = 0$$

$$2x^7 = -1$$

$$\sqrt[7]{2} x^4 = \sqrt[7]{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

Horiz

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^{6+2}}{2x^7} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{2} x^2$$

$$= \frac{\infty^2}{2} = \infty$$

$$7 \quad f(x) = \frac{1 - 6x^2}{\sqrt[3]{x^9 - 1}}$$

Vertical

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{1 - 6x^2}{\sqrt[3]{x^9 - 1}} = \frac{-5}{0}$$

$$= \frac{-}{+} = \boxed{-\infty}$$

$$\boxed{x = 1}$$

$$x^9 - 1 = 0$$

$$x^9 = 1$$

$$x = 1$$

Horiz

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-6x^2}{\sqrt[3]{x^9}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-6x^2}{x^3} = \frac{-6}{\infty} = 0$$

$$\boxed{y = 0}$$

$$6/ \quad g(x) = \frac{x+6}{x^2-36}$$

$$x = -6, 6$$

$$(-\infty, 4]$$



$$7/ \quad h(x) = \frac{4x-3}{16x^2-9}$$

$$(-3/4, \infty)$$

D

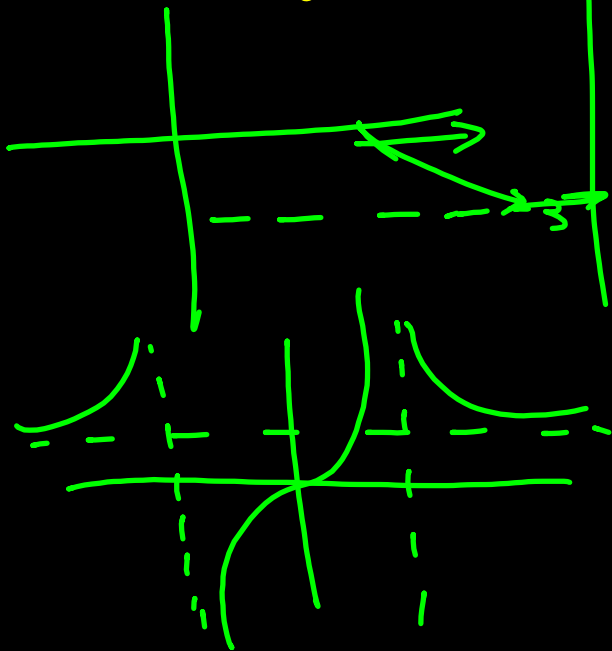
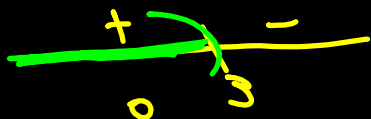
$$16x^2 - 9 = 0$$

$$16x^2 = 9$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{\frac{9}{16}}$$

$$x = \pm 3/4$$

$$8 \quad K(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{3-x}}$$



$$1) \quad f(\) = \#$$

$$2) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow _}$$

$$3) \quad f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow _}$$























































































































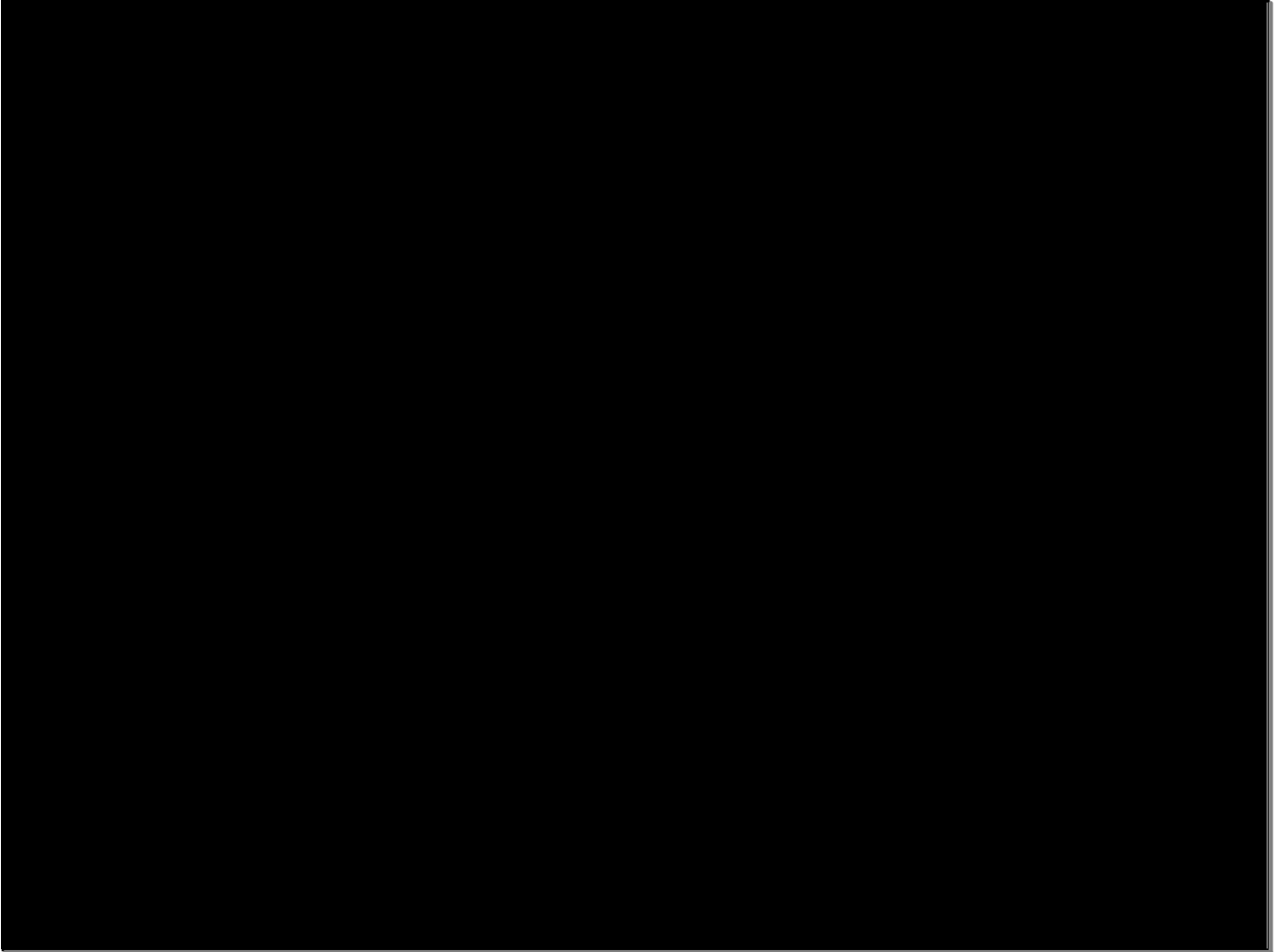










































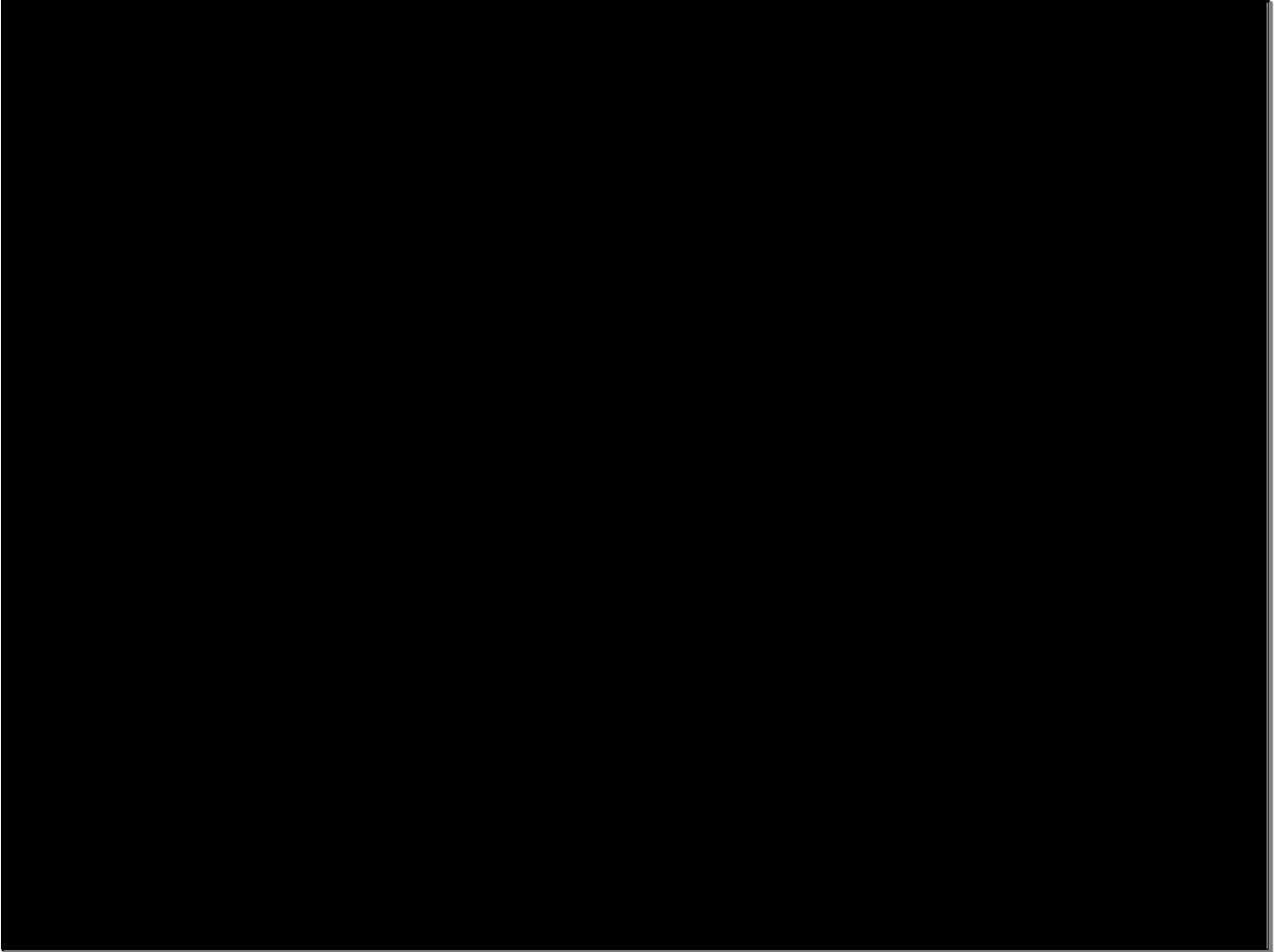




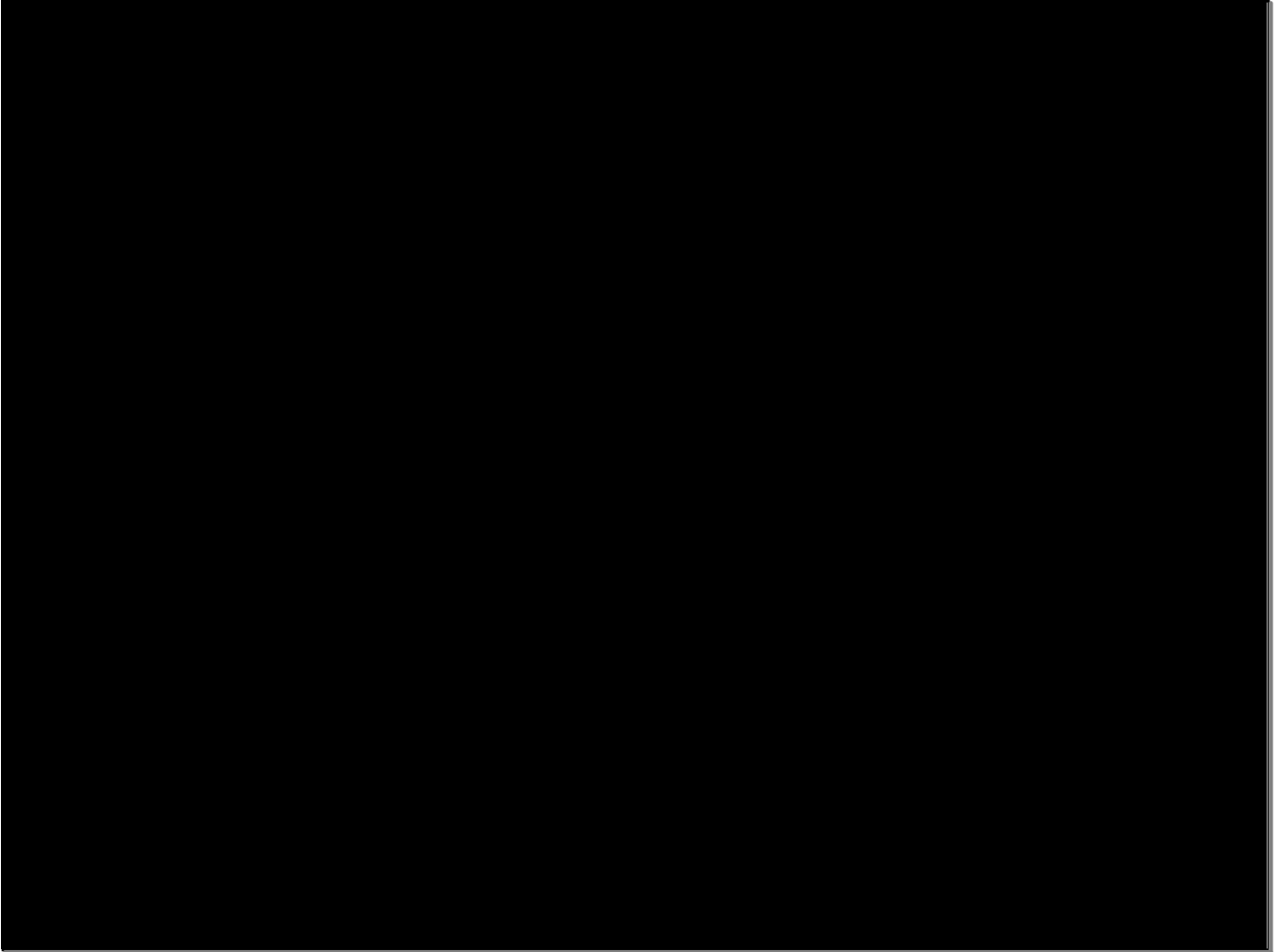


















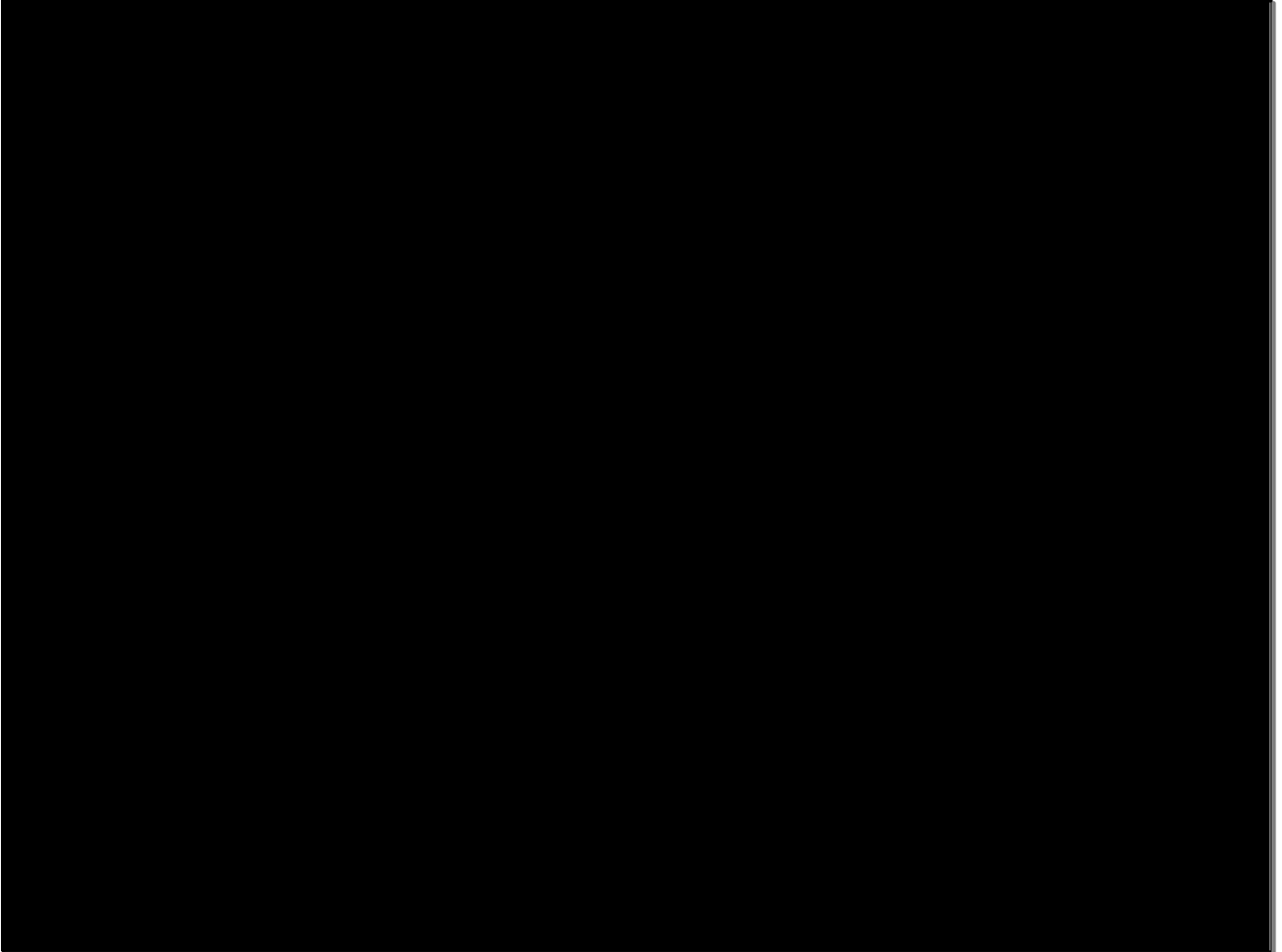






























































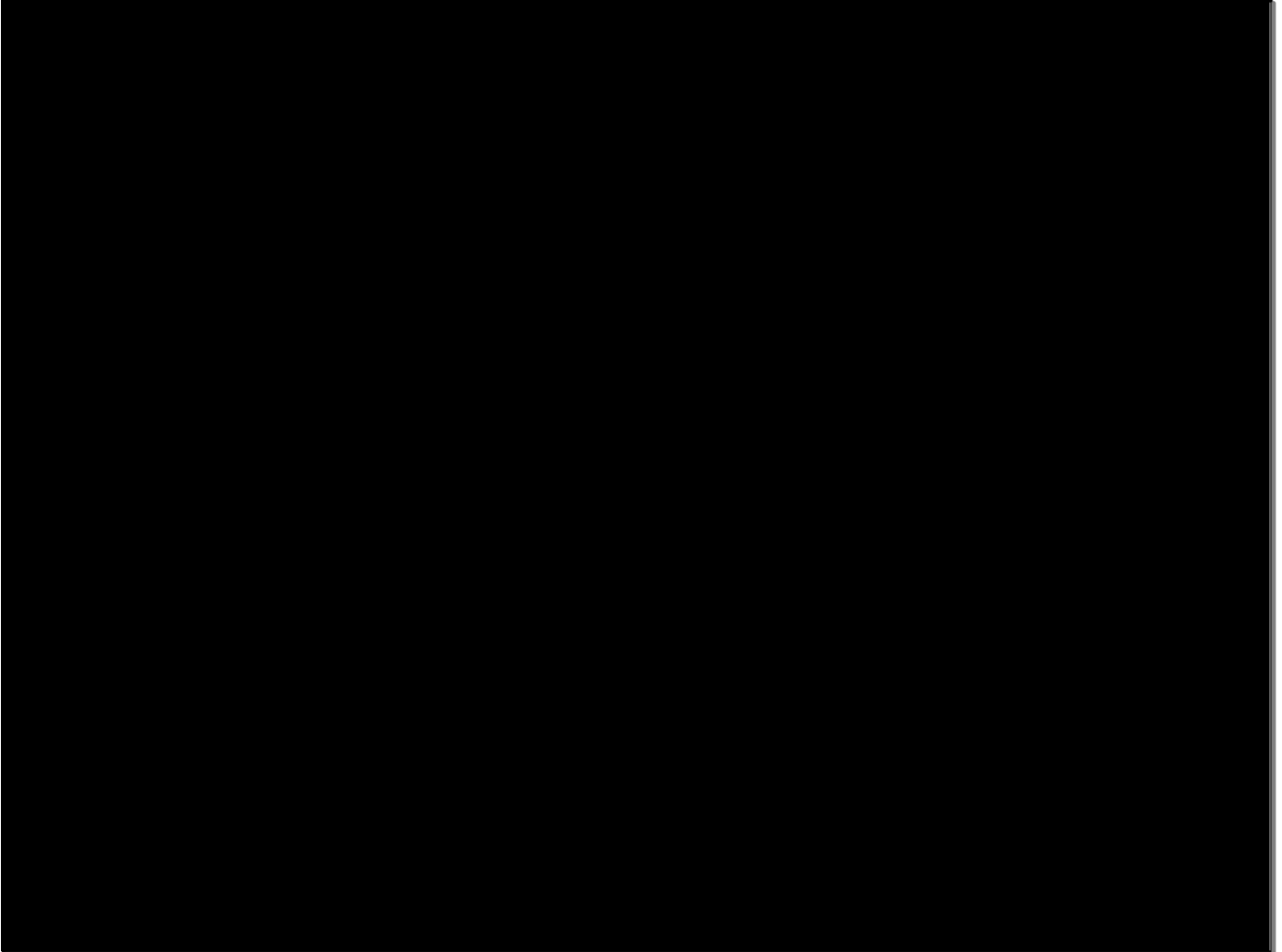












































































































































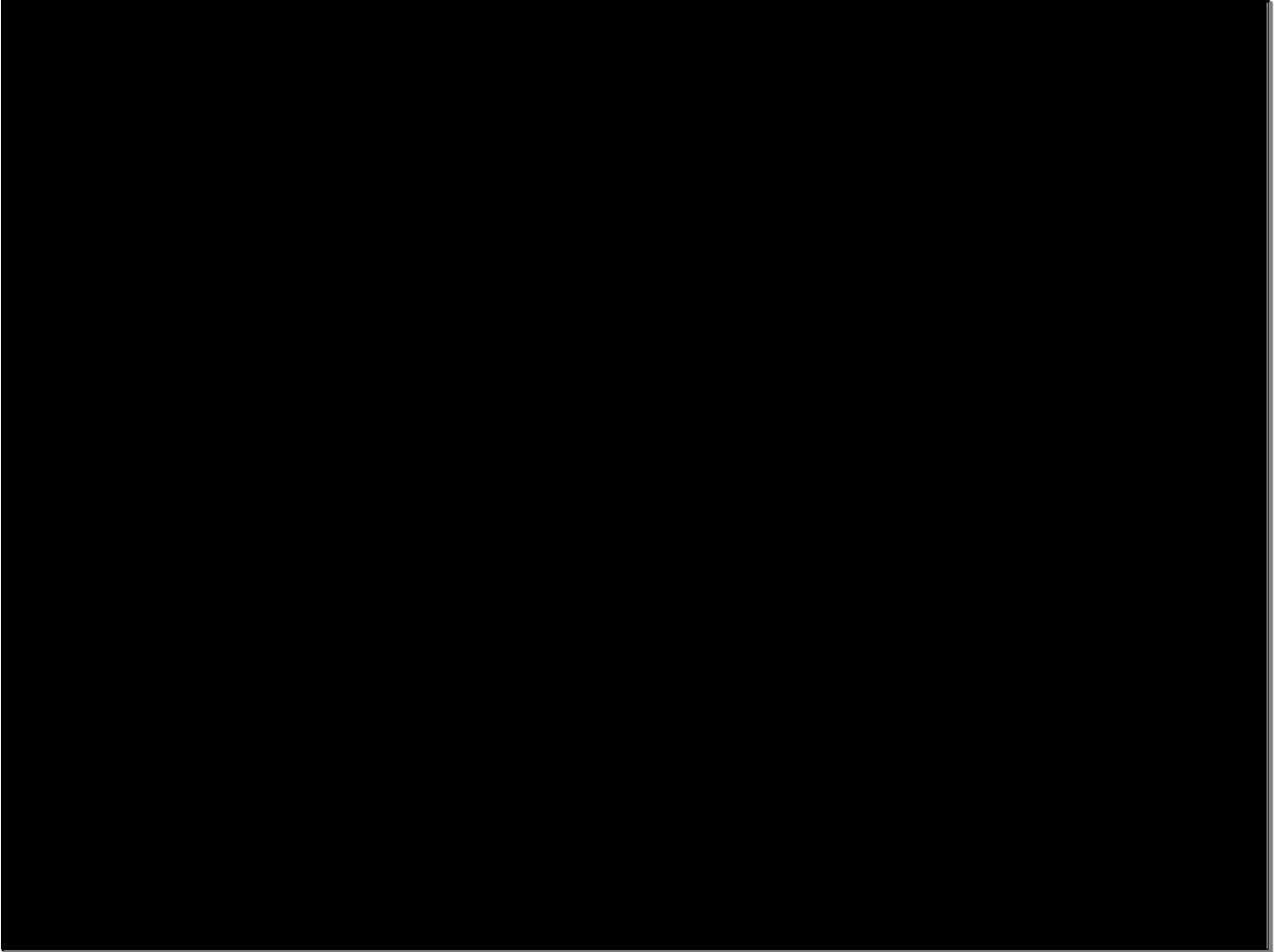


































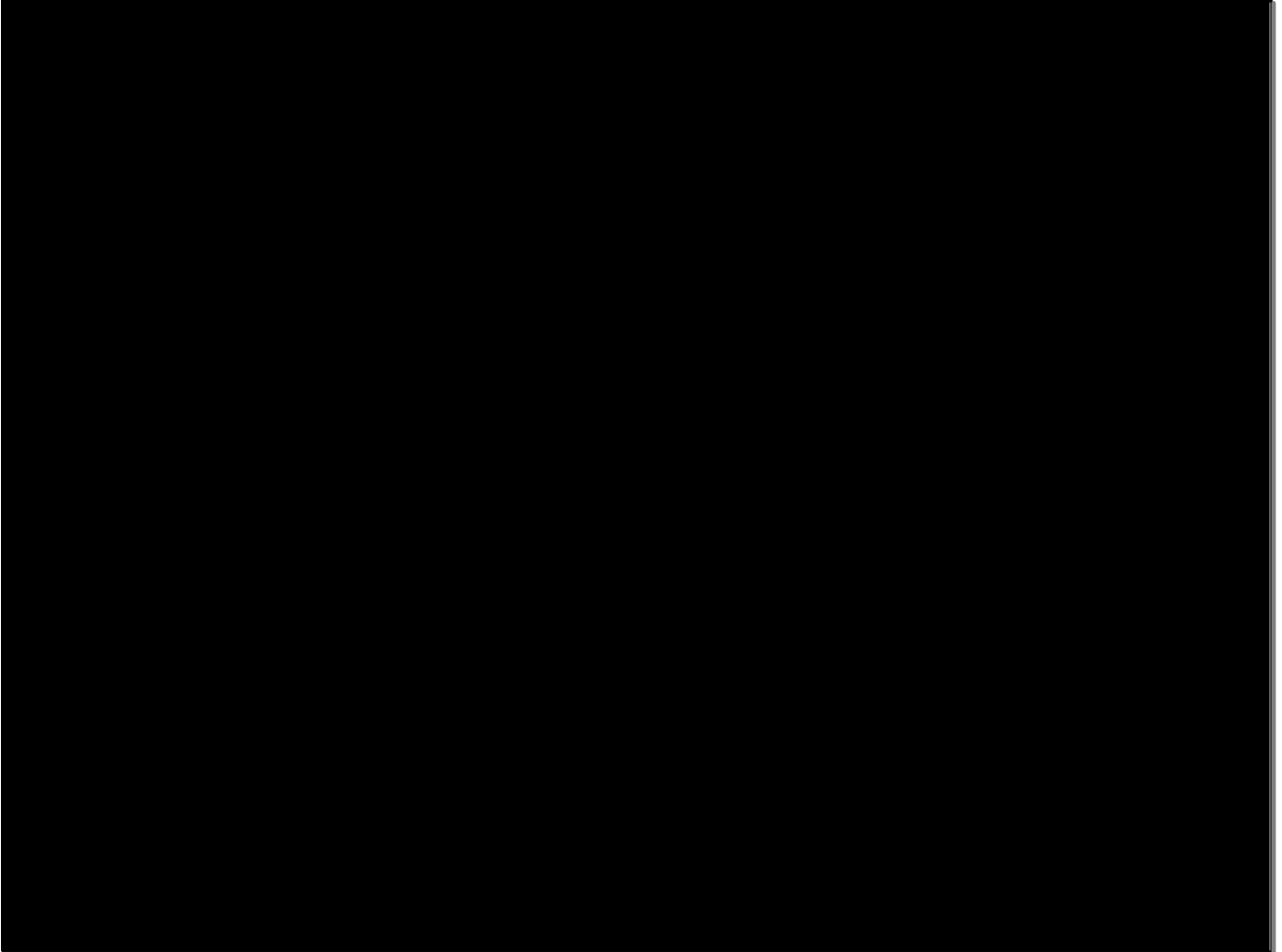




















































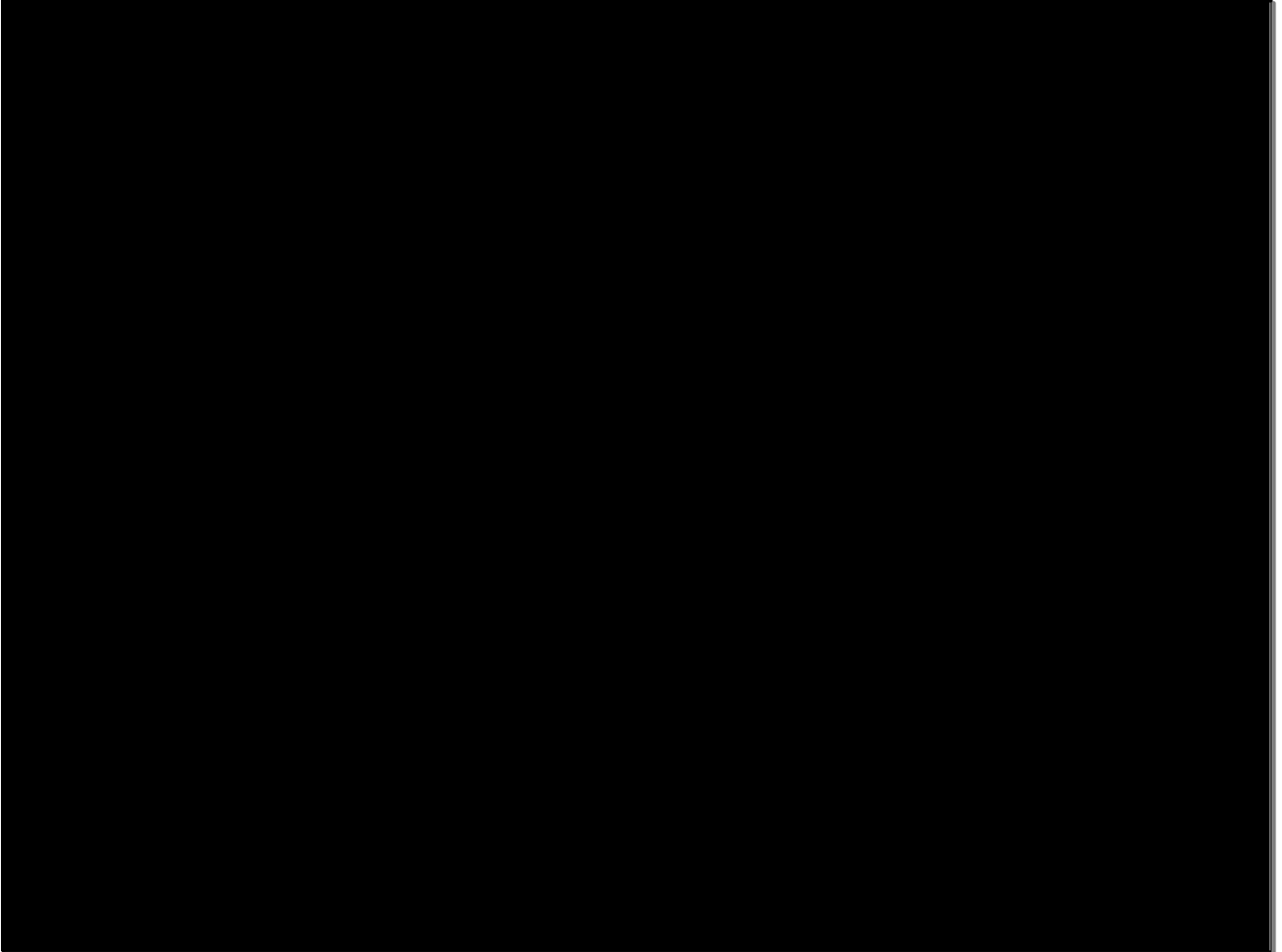


















LIMITS

1) Graph - Give y-coord.

$$2) \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{3x}{10-2x} = \frac{15}{0} = \text{DNE}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^-} \frac{3x}{10-2x} = \frac{15}{0} = \frac{+}{+} = +\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^-} \frac{3x}{10-2x} = \frac{+}{+} = +\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^+} \frac{3x}{10-2x} = \frac{+}{-} = -\infty$$

$$3) \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{x^2+3}}{5-x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{x^2}}{-x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{|x|}{-x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{-x}{-x} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin nx}{nx} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos nx}{nx} = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} e^x = +\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \ln x = +\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} e^x = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \ln x = -\infty$$