TORMS OF QUADRATICS

Vertex Form

 $y = a(x-h)^2 + K$

Vertx: (h, K)

Line of symn: x=L

Direction: +a up -a down

Width: |a|>| narrow (streta)

|al= | norma)

|a| = ||norma|| |C| = ||norma|| |C| = ||norma|| |C| = ||norma|| |C| = ||C|| |C| = ||C||

Standard Form

 $y = \alpha x^2 + 6x + C$

Vertex: $X = \frac{-b}{2a}$

y = sub in X-coord,

 $y = 5(x-3)^{2} + 1$ y = 5(x-3)(x-3) + 1

 $y=5(x^2-3x-3x+9)+1$

y=5x2-30x+45+1

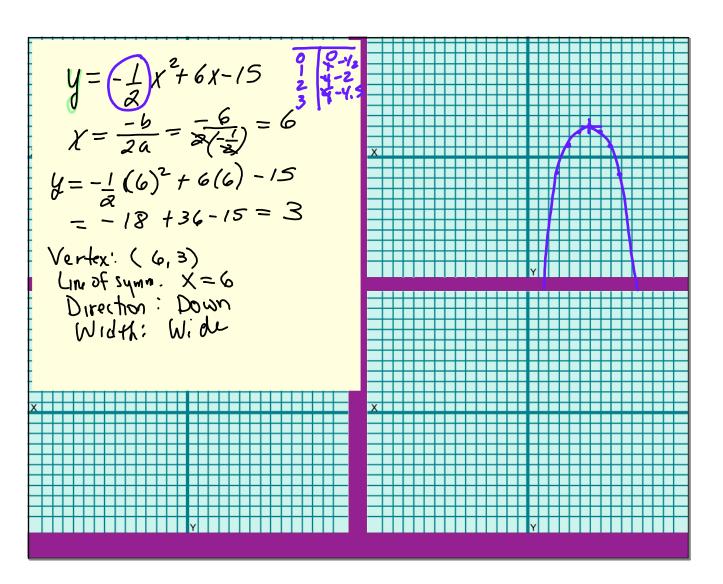
y=5x2-30x+46 C (3,1)

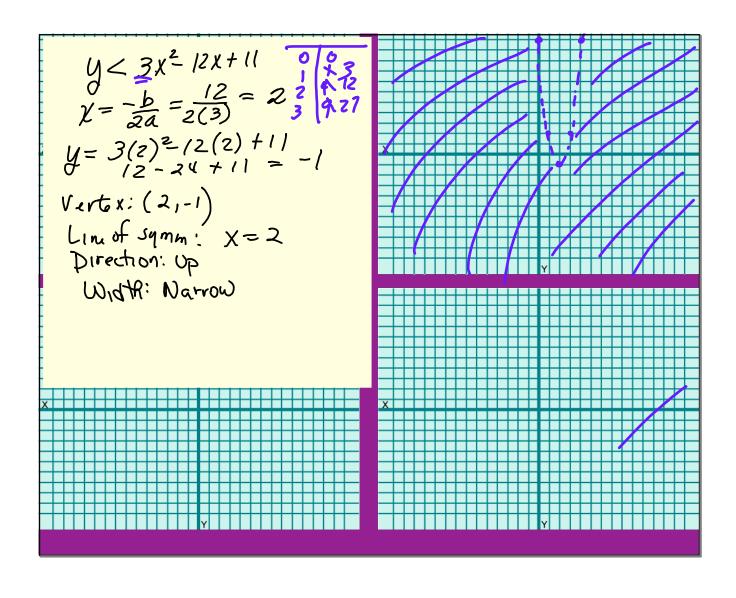
 $X = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{+30}{8(5)} = 3$

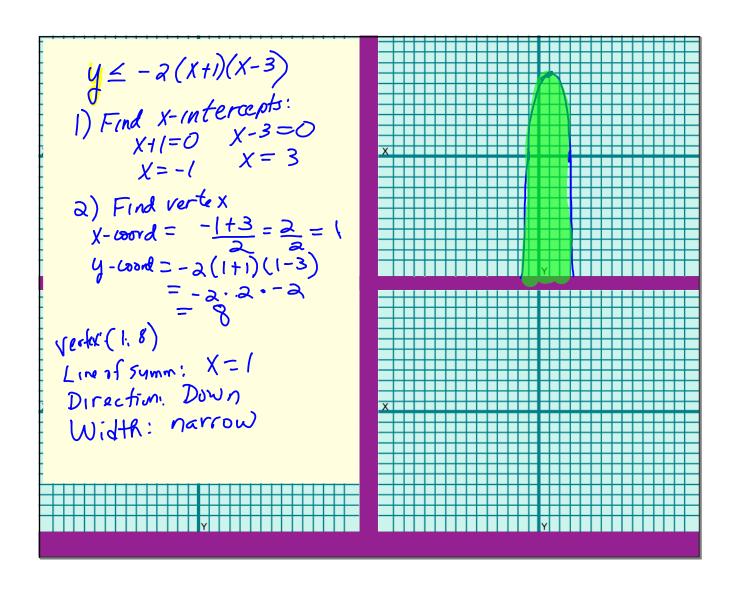
y=5(3)2-30(5)+46

45 -90 +46

(3,1)







Intercept Form
$$\leftarrow$$
 Gives x-intercepts

 $y = a(x-p)(x-q)$ Vertax:

 $x-p=0$ $x-q=0$ $x=q$
 $y=q$
 $y=$

1972 Mercury Comet \$3000

$$V(t) = 18.75t^{2} - 450t + 3200$$

$$t = 40f$$

$$years after$$

$$1972$$

$$t = -\frac{b}{2a} = \frac{450}{2(18.75)} = \frac{450}{31.5} = 12 \text{ yr}$$
Find maxor
$$1972 + 12 = 1984$$

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$$V(12) = 18.75(12)^{2} + 450(12) + 3200$$

$$= 4500$$

$$1972 + 12 = 1984$$

$$V(12) = 18.75(12)^{2} + 450(12) + 3200$$

$$= 1500$$

$$1972 + 12 = 1984$$

$$V(12) = 18.75(12)^{2} + 450(12) + 3200$$

$$= 1500$$

$$V(49) = 18.75(19)^{2} - 450(19) + 3200$$