

## Semester Review Part 2

$$\begin{array}{l}
 y = |x| \quad \checkmark \\
 y = [x] \quad \checkmark \\
 y = x^2 \quad \cup
 \end{array}
 \left.
 \begin{array}{l}
 \\
 \\
 \\
 \end{array}
 \right\}
 y < -2|x+4| - 2$$

Left  $\swarrow$   
 Down  $\uparrow$

$$f(x) = 2[x+8] - 10$$

Left 8 Down 10

$$y = (x+9)^2 - 5$$

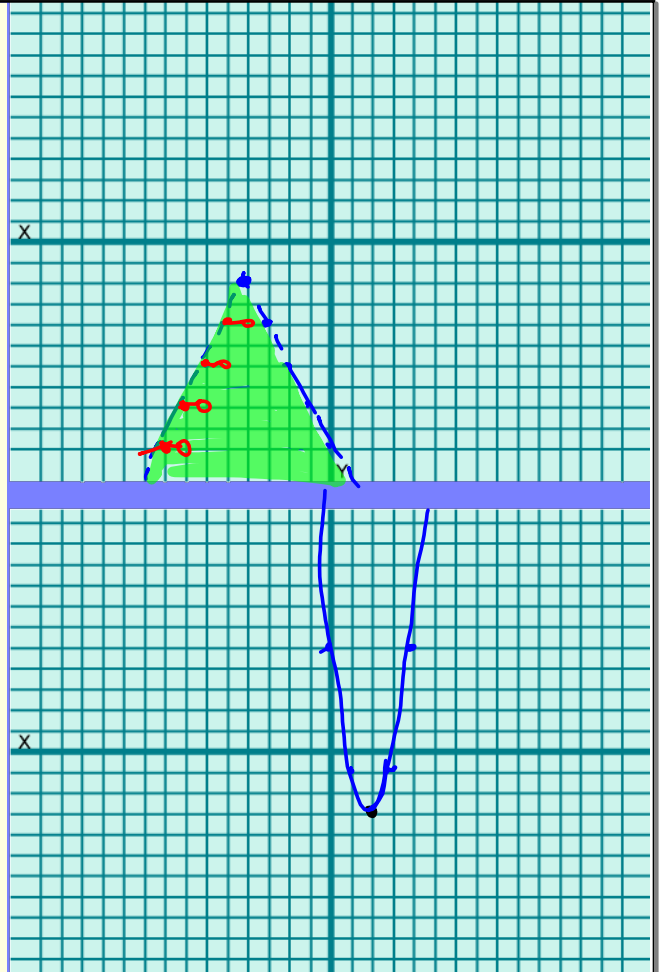
$$y = 2x^2 - 8x + 5$$

$$x = -\frac{b}{2a} \quad y = \text{Sub in } x\text{-coord.}$$

$$x = \frac{8}{2(2)} = 2 \quad (2, -3)$$

$$y = 2(2)^2 - 8(2) + 5 = -3$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l}
 0 & 0 \\
 2 & 4 \\
 3 & 7 \\
 \hline
 & 10
 \end{array}$$



$$3x - 8y = 24$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l}
 0 & -3 \\
 8 & 0
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x + 4y - 7z = 7 \\ x - 5y + 3z = -4 \\ 4x + y - 2z = 12 \end{cases}$$

Eliminate same variable twice!

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{4} \quad 14y - 13(1) &= 15 \\ 14y - 13 &= 15 \\ 14y &= 28 \\ \boxed{y} &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

\textcircled{5} Sub  $y + z$  in  
a 3-variable eq.  
( - 1 - 1 - )

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{1} \quad 2x + 4y - 7z &= 7 \\ -2x + 10y - 6z &= 8 \\ \hline 14y - 13z &= 15 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{2} \quad -4x + 20y - 12z &= 16 \\ 4x + y - 2z &= 12 \\ \hline 21y - 14z &= 28 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{3} \quad 3[14y - 13z = 15] \\ -2[21y - 14z = 28] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 42y - 39z &= 45 \\ -42y + 28z &= -56 \\ \hline -11z &= -11 \\ \boxed{z} &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

Cramer's Rule

$$\begin{aligned} 4x - 7y &= -51 \\ 3x + 8y &= 28 \end{aligned}$$

$$x = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} -51 & -7 \\ 28 & 8 \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} 4 & -7 \\ 3 & 8 \end{vmatrix}}$$

$$y = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} 4 & -51 \\ 3 & 28 \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} 4 & -7 \\ 3 & 8 \end{vmatrix}}$$

$$\frac{-408 + 196}{32 + 21} = \frac{-212}{53} = -4$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5x + 7y - 7z &= 115 \\ 2x - y + 9z &= -88 \\ 3x + 4y - 8z &= 119 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dots \\ \dots \\ \dots \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \dots \\ \dots \\ \dots \end{bmatrix}$$

~~$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 7 & -7 \\ 2 & -1 & 9 \\ 3 & 4 & -8 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 115 \\ -88 \\ 119 \end{bmatrix}$$~~

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 7 & -7 \\ 2 & -1 & 9 \\ 3 & 4 & -8 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 115 \\ -88 \\ 119 \end{bmatrix}$$



## Quadratics

Solve = must set eq = 0.

Factoring

$$2x^2 - 15 = 7x$$

$$2x^2 - 7x - 15 = 0 \quad \begin{matrix} 3 \\ 5 \\ 15 \end{matrix}$$

$$(2x+3)(x-5) = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{+3x} \\ \text{-10x} \end{array}$$

$$2x+3=0 \quad x-5=0$$

$$2x = -3 \quad x = 5$$

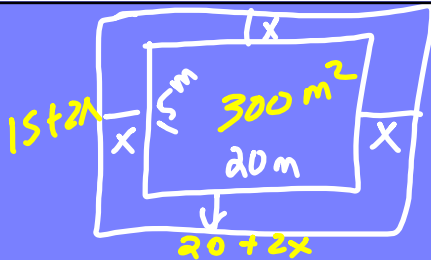
$$x = -3/2$$

Quadratic Formula

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$3x^2 - 18x + 47 = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ a & b & c \end{array}$$



Double area  
How wide is border?

$$(15 + 2x)(20 + 2x) = 600$$

FOIL, set = 0, solve

## Projectile Motion

$$h(t) = \frac{1}{2}at^2 + V_0t + S_0$$

$$a = -32 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$a = -9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$



$$h(t) = \frac{1}{2}(-32)t^2 + 2000t + 1$$

$$= -16t^2 + 2000t + 1$$

### Maximum height

1) Find vertex

$$2) t = -\frac{b}{2a}$$

3) Sub  $t$  in to get  $h$ .

How many seconds to hit ground?  
 $h = 0$

$$0 = -16t^2 + 2000t + 1$$

Solve with quadr. formula.