

SUM + PRODUCT IDENTITIES

Charlie's
Birthday

Purpose - to switch between
addition + multiplication
of sines + cosines

$$\begin{aligned}\sin 40^\circ - \sin 100^\circ &= 2 \cos \left(\frac{40^\circ + 100^\circ}{2} \right) \sin \left(\frac{40^\circ - 100^\circ}{2} \right) \\ &= 2 \cos 70^\circ \sin (-30^\circ) \\ &= -2 \cos 70^\circ \sin 30^\circ\end{aligned}$$

Convert to a sum.

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 4x \sin 12x &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\sin(4x + 12x) - \sin(4x - 12x) \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\sin 16x + \sin(+8x) \right]\end{aligned}$$

IDENTITIES REVIEW

Write 8 fund. identities

True/False
#1-10

$$\tan 120^\circ = \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos 240^\circ}{1 - \cos 240^\circ}} \quad \text{False}$$

$$\tan 120^\circ = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos 60^\circ}{1 + \cos 60^\circ}} \quad \text{False}$$

$$\tan 120^\circ = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos 240^\circ}{1 + \cos 240^\circ}} \quad \text{False}$$

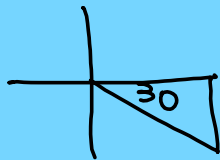
↑
QII

Evaluate.

← Solution is a number.

$$\frac{2 \tan 165^\circ}{1 - \tan^2 165^\circ} = \tan (2 \cdot 165^\circ)$$

$$= \tan 330^\circ$$



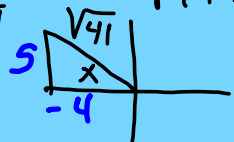
$$= -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

#15-20 - Draw a picture!

160 Given $\cot x = -\frac{4}{5} \frac{x}{y}$
 $\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi$
 II

$\sec y = \frac{13}{12} \frac{r}{x}$
 $\frac{3\pi}{2} < y < 2\pi$
 IV

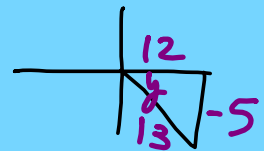
$25 + 16 = r^2$
 $\sqrt{41} = r$



$$\tan(x-y) = \frac{\tan x - \tan y}{1 + \tan x \cdot \tan y}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{5}{-4} + \frac{5}{12}}{1 + \left(-\frac{5}{4}\right)\left(-\frac{5}{12}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{15}{12} + \frac{5}{12}}{\frac{48}{48} + \frac{25}{48}} = \frac{-\frac{10}{12}}{\frac{73}{48}} = -\frac{10}{12} \cdot \frac{48}{73} = \frac{-40}{73}$$



$$144 + y^2 = 169$$

$$y^2 = 25$$

$$y = 5$$

Find $\cos \frac{A}{2}$ given $\sin A = \frac{3}{5}$ & A in QIV.

$$= \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos A}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1 + 4/5}{2}}$$

$\cos \frac{A}{2}$ in QII

$$270^\circ < A < 360^\circ$$

$$135^\circ < \frac{A}{2} < 180^\circ$$

II

Verify. = 4 problems $\begin{cases} 1 \text{ Easy} \\ 2 \text{ Mod} \\ 1 \text{ Pizzazz} \end{cases}$
 #21-31

$$31) \underbrace{\sin 6\theta \cos 4\theta}_{\text{Sum + prod}} - \underbrace{\sin 3\theta \cos 7\theta}_{\text{Sum + prod}} = \underbrace{\sin 3\theta \cos \theta}_{\text{Sum + prod}}$$