

BUSINESS APPL. OF DIFF. EQ.

The marginal revenue for digital watches is expressed by $\int \frac{dR}{dx} = \int (60,000 - \frac{40,000}{x^2})$ dollars per thousand. If total sales revenue is \$38,000 when 1000 watches are sold, what will revenue be for 4000 watches?

$$R(x) = \int (60,000 - 40,000x^{-2}) dx$$

$$R(x) = 60,000x + \frac{40,000x^{-1}}{-1} + C$$

$$R(x) = 60,000x + \frac{40,000}{x} + C$$

$$38,000 = 60,000 + 40,000 + C$$

$$-100,000$$

$$-62,000 = C$$

$$R(x) = 60,000x + \frac{40,000}{x} - 62,000$$

4000 watches

$$R(4) = 240,000 + 10,000 - 62,000$$

$$= 188,000$$

$$(b) \quad C(x) = 2000x^2 + \frac{40000}{x} + 20,000$$

How many watches sold to maximize profit?
 Max production is 20,000 watches.

$$P = R - C \quad R(x) = 60,000x + \frac{40000}{x} - 62,000$$

$$P(x) = 60,000x + \frac{40000}{x} - 62,000 + \left[2000x^2 + \frac{40000}{x} + 20,000 \right]$$

$$P(x) = -2000x^2 + 60,000x - 82,000$$

1) Find critical pt.

$$P'(x) = -4000x + 60,000 = 0$$

$$60,000 = 4000x$$

$$15 = x$$

$$[0, 20]$$

$$P(0) = -82,000$$

$$P(15) = 368,000$$

$$P(20) = 318,000$$

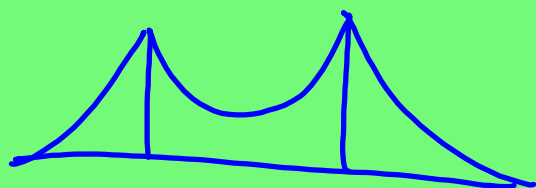
Produce 15,000 watches

HYPERBOLIC FUNCTIONS

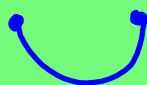
- Combinations of e^x & e^{-x}
- properties of trig functions
- Connected through complex numbers

$$\sinh x = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$$

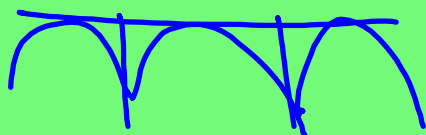
$$\cosh x = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$$



Catenary



$$y = a \cosh\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) + c$$



$$\sinh(\ln 3) = \frac{e^{\ln 3} - e^{-\ln 3}}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{3 - \frac{1}{3}}{2} = \frac{8/3 \cdot \frac{1}{2}}{2} \\ &= \frac{4}{3} \end{aligned}$$

Derivatives

$$\frac{d}{dx} \sinh x = \cosh x$$

$$* \frac{d}{dx} \cosh x = \sinh x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \tanh x = \operatorname{sech}^2 x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \coth x = -\operatorname{csch}^2 x$$

$$* \frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{sech} x = -\operatorname{sech} x \tanh x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{csch} x = -\operatorname{csch} x \coth x$$

$$\cosh^2 x - \sinh^2 x = 1$$

$$f(x) = \coth x \cdot e^{\operatorname{csch}(x^3)}$$

Find $f'(x)$

$$f'(x) = \underbrace{\coth x}_{} \cdot \underbrace{e^{\operatorname{csch} x^3} \cdot (-\operatorname{csch}(x^3) \coth(x^3)) \cdot 3x^2}_{} + \underbrace{e^{\operatorname{csch} x^3}}_{} \cdot \underbrace{-\operatorname{csch}^2 x}_{}$$

$$\int \sinh^7 x \cosh x \, dx$$

$$\int u^7 \cancel{\cosh x} \cdot \frac{du}{\cancel{\cosh x}}$$

$$= \frac{u^8}{8} + C$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{\sinh^8 x}{8} + C}$$

$$u = \sinh x$$

$$du = \cosh x \, dx$$

