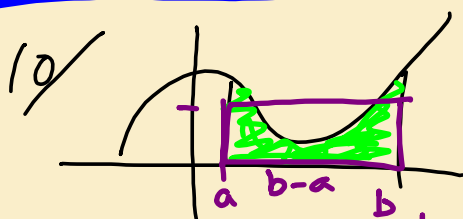


SEMESTER 2 REVIEW DAY 2



$$f_{\text{ave}} = \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x) dx$$

Find area

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & -2 \leq x \leq 0 \\ 2|x-3|-2 & 0 < x \leq 4 \end{cases}$$

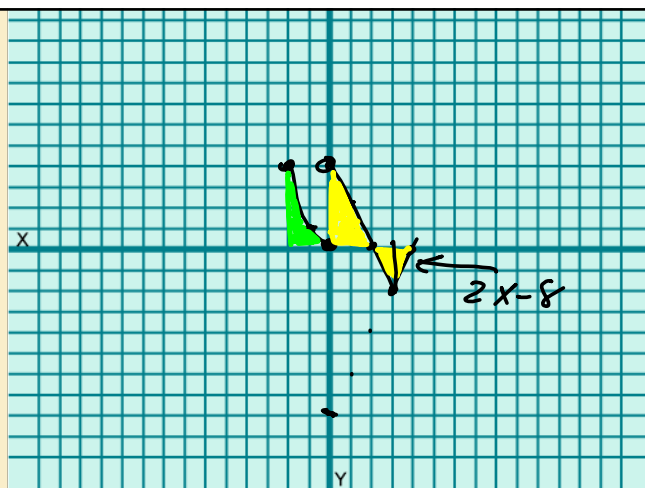
$a = -2$ to $b = 4$

$$2(x-3)-2 = 2x-6-2 \\ = 2x-8$$

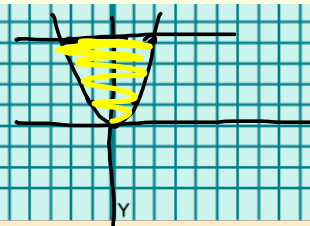
$$-2(x-3)-2 = -2x+6-2 \\ = -2x+4$$

$$y=4 \quad y=x^2$$

$$\int_{-2}^2 (4-x^2) dx$$



$$\int_{-2}^0 x^2 dx + \int_0^2 (-2x+4) dx \\ - \int_2^3 (-2x+4) - \int_3^4 (2x-8) dx$$



Volume

Disk $\pi \int_a^b (r_o^2 - r_i^2) dx$

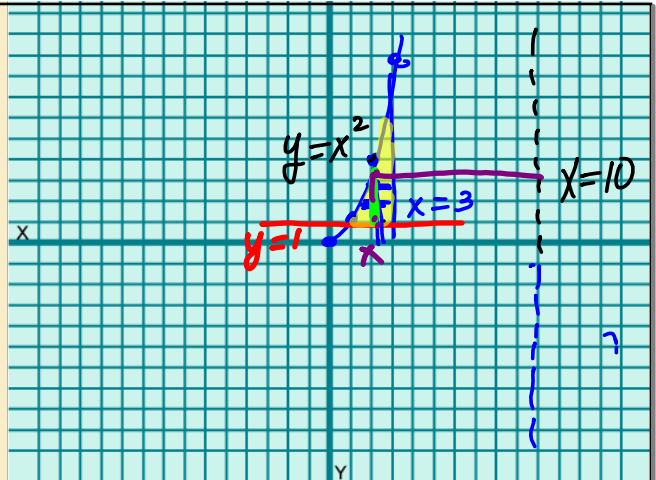
□ is ⊥ to axis of rev.

Shell $2\pi \int_a^b r(f-g) dx$

□ is || to axis of rev.

□ is vertical $y = x$'s

□ is horiz. $x = y$'s



Rev. around x-axis

Disk: $\pi \int_1^3 [(x^2)^2 - (1)^2] dx$

Around $x = 10$ $x = \sqrt{y}$

$\pi \int_1^9 [(10 - \sqrt{y})^2 - (10 - 3)^2] dy$

Shell: Around x-axis

$2\pi \int_1^9 y(3 - \sqrt{y}) dy$

Around $x = 10$ $2\pi \int_1^3 (10 - x)(x^2 - 1) dx$
 $y = x^2$

Slicing: squares

$A = s^2 \int_1^3 (x^2 - 1)^2 dx$

$\Delta A = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} s^2$

$\Delta A = \frac{\pi}{2} r^2 \frac{\pi}{2} \int_1^3 \left(\frac{x^2 - 1}{2}\right)^2 dx$

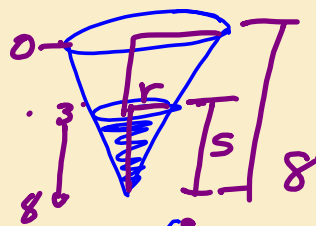
Work

Springs

$$F(x) = Kx$$

↑
Amt of stretch

$$\int Kx$$



$$W = \int_3^8 \rho A(x) \text{ depth } dx$$

πr^2

SEMESTER 2 REVIEW DAY 2

$$(u) \int \frac{1}{(4+x^2)^2} dx$$

$$x = 2 \tan \theta \rightarrow \frac{x}{2} = \tan \theta$$

$$dx = 2 \sec^2 \theta d\theta \quad \theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$



$$\int \frac{1}{(4 + 4 \tan^2 \theta)^2} \cdot 2 \sec^2 \theta d\theta$$

$$\frac{2}{16} \int \frac{\sec^2 \theta}{(1 + \tan^2 \theta)^2} d\theta$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{\sec^2 \theta}{\sec^4 \theta} d\theta$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{1}{\sec^2 \theta} d\theta$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \int \cos^2 \theta d\theta$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{1}{2} (1 + \cos 2\theta) d\theta$$

$$\frac{1}{16} \left[\theta + \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\theta \right] + C$$

~~$\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta$~~

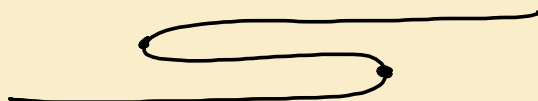
$$\frac{1}{16} [\theta + \sin \theta \cos \theta] + C$$

$$\frac{1}{16} \left[\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+4}}\right) \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{x^2+4}}\right) \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{16} \left[\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{8} \frac{2x}{x^2+4} \right] + C$$

$$\frac{1}{16} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{x}{8(x^2+4)} + C$$

SEMESTER 2 REVIEW DAY 2



$$V=0$$

$$c) t=0.3$$

$$s(t) = 2t^3 - 9t^2 + 12$$

$$t = 0 \quad 3 \quad 5$$

$$s = 12 \quad -15 \quad 37$$

$$27 \quad 52 \quad = 79$$

~~$$-15 \quad 0 \quad 12$$~~