

# QUADRATIC FUNCTIONS

$y = ax^2$  ✓ standard form

$y = ax^2 + bx + c$

$y = 2x^2 + 9x - 1$

$y = 4x^2$

Parabola

Vertex Form

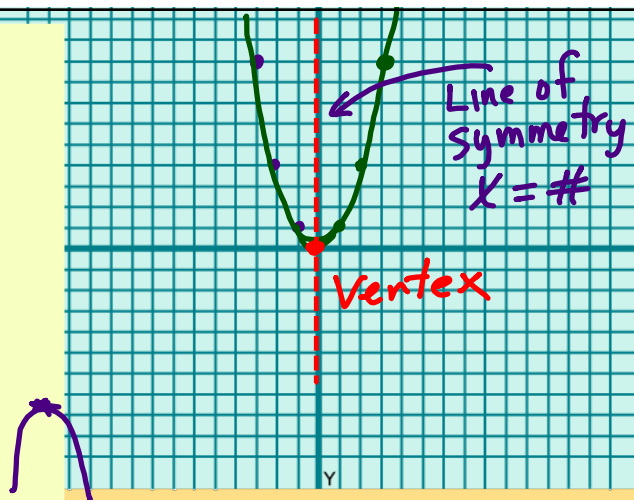
$y = a(x-h)^2 + k$

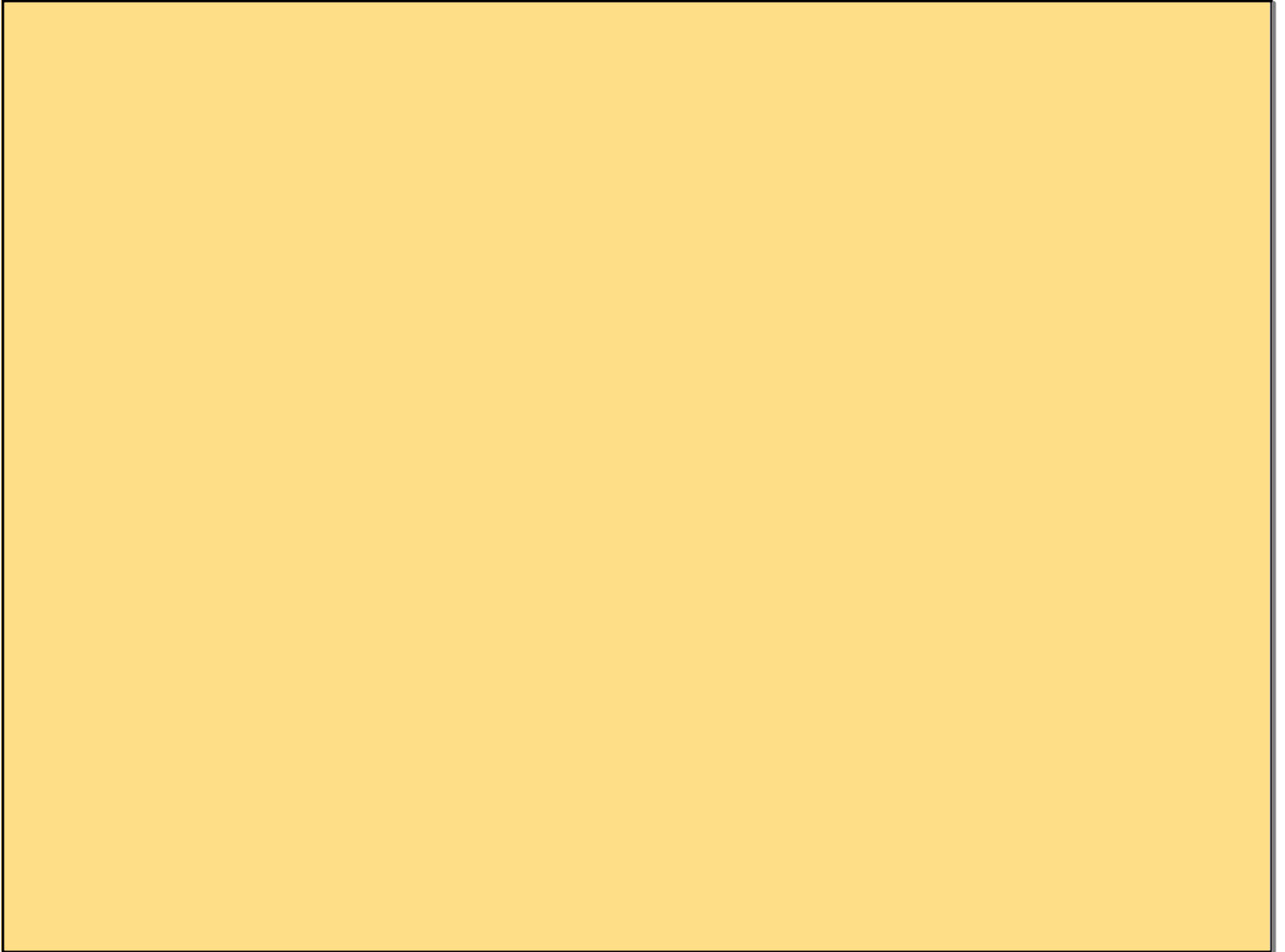
Vertex:  $(h, k)$   
 ↙ change sign ↘ don't change sign

direction:  $+a$  up  
 $-a$  down

line of symmetry =  $x =$

width:  $|a| > 1$  narrow  
 $|a| = 1$  normal  
 $0 < |a| < 1$  wide



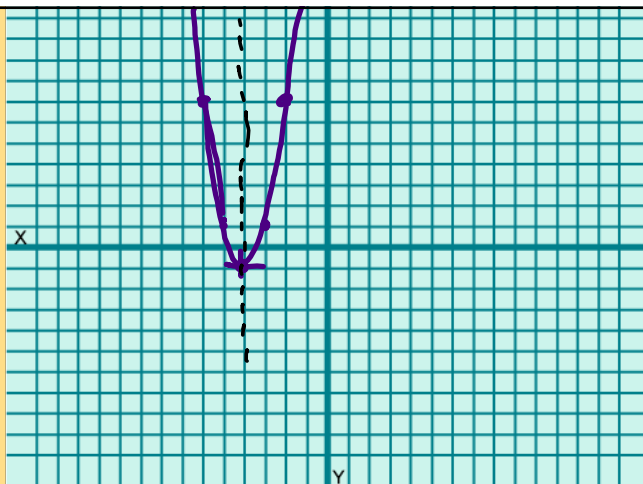


$$y = 2(x + 4)^2 - 1$$

left 4 down 1

x	y
0	0
1	7
2	8
3	18

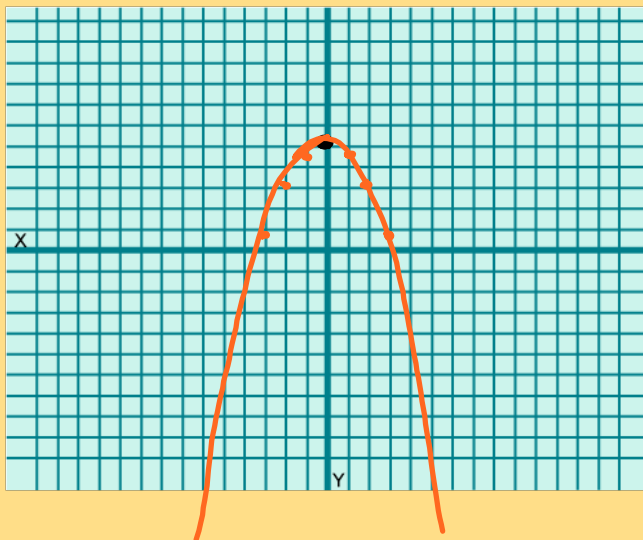
line of symmetry  
 $x = -4$



$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 5$$

no horiz shift up 5

x	y
0	0
1	-1/2
2	-2
3	-4.5



$$y = -2(x-4)^2 + 7$$

Vertex: (4, 7)

direction: down

line of symm:  $x = 4$

Width: narrow

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x^2 - 5$$

Vertex: (0, -5)

direction: up

line of symm:  $x = 0$

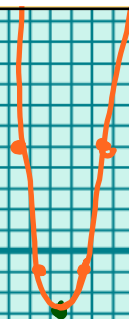
Width: wide

$$y = 2(x + 9)^2 - 3$$

$\uparrow$  left 9  
 $\uparrow$  down 3

Vertex:  $(-9, -3)$   
 direction: Up (+2)  
 line of symm:  $x = -9$   
 width: narrow  
 $a = 2$

0	0
1	11
2	48
3	918

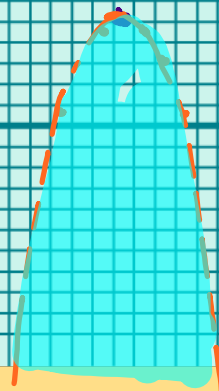


$$y < -\frac{1}{2}(x - 6)^2 + 5$$

$\uparrow$  right 6  
 $\uparrow$  up 5

0	0
1	-1/2
2	-2
3	-4.5

$y <$  Shade downward from vertex  
 $y >$  Shade upward from vertex



$$y < -\frac{1}{2}(x+6)^2 + 4$$

↖ ↗  
↑ dotted  
left 6 ↑ UP 4

0	0
1	-1/2
2	-2
3	-4.5

y < Shade downward from vertex

y > Shade upward from vertex

$$y \leq 3(x-2)^2 - 10$$

right 2 down 10  
 (2, -10)

x	y
0	6
1	3
2	-10
3	-27

