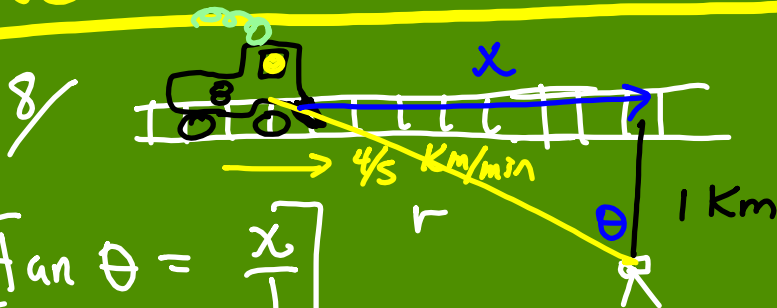


RELATED RATES 3



$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\tan \theta = \frac{x}{1} \right]$$

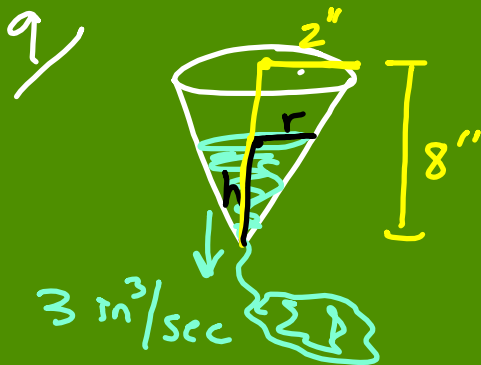
$$\sec^2 \theta \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\left(\sec \frac{\pi}{3} \right)^2 \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$(2)^2 \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{4}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{1}{5} \text{ rad/min}$$



$$\frac{2}{8} = \frac{r}{h}$$

$$\frac{2h}{8} = r$$

$$\frac{h}{4} = r$$

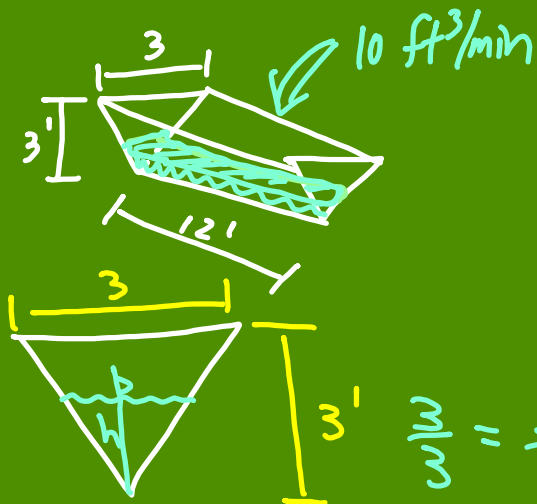
$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[V = \frac{1}{48} \pi h^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{1}{16} \pi h^2 \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$-3 = \frac{1}{16} \pi (5)^2 \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{16}{25\pi} (-3) = \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\left(-\frac{48}{25\pi} \frac{\text{in}}{\text{s}} \right) = \frac{dh}{dt}$$



Find $\frac{dh}{dt}$.

$$V = \frac{1}{2} b h l$$

$$V = \frac{1}{2} b h (12)$$

$$V = 6 b h$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{db}{dt} h + b \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$3b = 3h$$

$$b = h$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 12h \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$10 = 12(2) \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{10}{24} = 24 \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{5}{12} \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{min}} = \frac{dh}{dt}$$

