



Tuesday, Feb. 7

Math Matters Due

Handout p. 332 33, 35 CAS (*Evaluate both with CAS*)

Sec. 6.2 p. 417 (*Evaluate at least 4 by hand*)

a-d below, 5, 7, 11, 12

(a) $f(x) = x\sqrt{1-x^2}$ [0,1] (b) $f(x) = 3|x+2|-3$ [-4,-1]

(c) $f(x) = -2|x-3|+6$ [1,7] (d) Area between $y = 4x$ & $y = x^2$

Monday, Feb. 13

(*Evaluate at least 4 by hand*)

Start Tile Project

Sec. 6.3 pp. 431-433 28, 31, 36-38, 62, a-d

about x-axis:

(a) $y = \sqrt{25-x^2}$, $y = 3$ (b) $y = -x+7$, $y = x^2+3$, $y = \sqrt{9-x}$

about y-axis:

(c) $x = y^2$, $x = y+2$ (d) $x = 1-y^2$, $x = 2+y^2$, $y = -1$, $y = 1$

Friday, Feb. 17

Sec. 6.4 pp. 442-444

6, 20, a, b, c

(*Evaluate at least 4 by hand.*)

Handout pp. 348-349

6, 8, 10, 12

Thursday, Feb. 9

(*Evaluate at least 4 by hand*)

Sec. 6.2 pp. 417-418 Set up only: 26, 27, 30

Find the area of the regions bounded by the given curves.

(a) $y^2 = -x$, $y = x-6$, $y = -1$, $y = 4$ (b) $x = -y$, $x = 2-y^2$

(c) $y = x$, $y = \frac{1}{x^2}$, $y = 4$ (d) $x = \frac{1}{y}$, $x = 0$, $y = 1$, $y = e$

(e) $y = x$, $y = 4x$, $y = -x+2$ (f) $x = y^2 - 4$, $y = \sqrt[3]{x+8}$, $y = -1$

(g) $x = y^3 - y$, $x = 0$

Wednesday, Feb. 15

Handout p. 345

22-24, 31 (*Evaluate at least 1 by hand*)

Book Sec. 6.3 p. 430 7-9

Separate Handout p. 457

39-43

} *Evaluate at least 4 by hand*

Wednesday, Feb. 22

Sec. 6.5 p. 450

17-25 odd

(*Evaluate all using CAS.*)

Start Volume Project

Sec. 6.6 p. 457

7, 17, 18, 27, 28

Tile Project Due

Friday, Feb. 24

Review Area & Volume

Work on Volume Project

Journal Due

Tuesday, Feb. 28

Area & Volume Test

Volume Project Due Friday

AREA & VOLUME ANSWERS

Sec. 6.2 p. 417

- a) $\frac{1}{3}$ units² b) $\frac{9}{2}$ units²
 c) 18 units² d) $\frac{32}{3}$ units²
 12. $\frac{125}{6}$ units²
-

26.
$$\int_0^1 \left((y^3 - 4y^2 + 3y) - (y^2 - y) \right) dy + \int_1^4 \left((y^2 - y) - (y^3 - 4y^2 + 3y) \right) dy = \frac{71}{6}$$
 units²

30. a) $\int_0^1 (\sqrt{x} - x^3) dx$ b) $\int_0^1 (\sqrt[3]{y} - y^2) dy$

- a) $\frac{355}{6}$ units²
 b) $\frac{9}{2}$ units²
 c) $\frac{11}{2}$ units²
 d) 1 units²
 e) $\frac{3}{5}$ units²
 f) $\frac{45}{4}$ units²
 g) $\frac{1}{2}$ units²

Sec. 6.3 p. 431-433

28. $\frac{\pi}{3}$ units³
 36. $\frac{\pi(e^4 - 1)}{2}$ units³
 38. $\frac{128\pi}{5}$ units³
 62. 136π units³
 a) $\frac{256\pi}{3}$ units³
 b) $\frac{122\pi}{5} + 18\pi = \frac{212\pi}{5}$ units³
 c) $\frac{72\pi}{5}$ units³
 d) 10π units³

Sec. 6.3 (continued)

8. $\frac{4}{3}$ units³

- ### Sec. 6.4 pp. 442-444
6. 45π units³
 20. 8π units³
 a. $\frac{20\pi}{3}$ units³
 b. $\pi(e^3 - e)$ units³
 c. 9π units³

Sec. 6.6 p. 457

18. $\frac{8\pi}{3}(5\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{2})$ units²
 28. ≈ 3.845 units²