

SPECIAL ANGLES-RADIANS

$$\sin \frac{7\pi}{6} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{2}}$$



$$\sec \frac{3\pi}{4} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{2}}$$



$$\cot \frac{3\pi}{2} = 0$$



Rads	Deg	^{csc} Sin	^{Sec} Cos	^{Cot} tan
0	0°	$\frac{1}{0} = \text{undef}$	1	$\frac{0}{1} = 0$
$\frac{\pi}{6}$	30°	$\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} = 2$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{1/\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}/2} = \frac{2}{3}$
$\frac{\pi}{4}$	45°	$\frac{1}{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} = \sqrt{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = 1$
$\frac{\pi}{3}$	60°	$\frac{1}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{1} = \sqrt{3}$
$\frac{\pi}{2}$	90°	$\frac{1}{1} = 1$	0	$\frac{1}{0} = \text{undef}$

$$\csc\left(-\frac{11\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$= -3^{2/3}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{3}} = \boxed{\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}}$$



Rads	Deg	csc sin	sec cos	cot tan
0	0°	$\frac{\sqrt{0}}{2} = 0$	1	$\frac{0}{1} = 0$
$\frac{\pi}{6}$	30°	$\frac{\sqrt{1}}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{1\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$
$\frac{\pi}{4}$	45°	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = 1$
$\frac{\pi}{3}$	60°	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{1} = \sqrt{3}$
$\frac{\pi}{2}$	90°	$\frac{\sqrt{4}}{2} = 1$	0	$\frac{1}{0} = \text{undef}$

$$\cos^2\left(\frac{11\pi}{4}\right) + \csc\left(-\frac{4\pi}{3}\right)\tan\left(\frac{11\pi}{6}\right)$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}\right) + \cos 17\pi$$

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)$$

$$-1 + -1$$

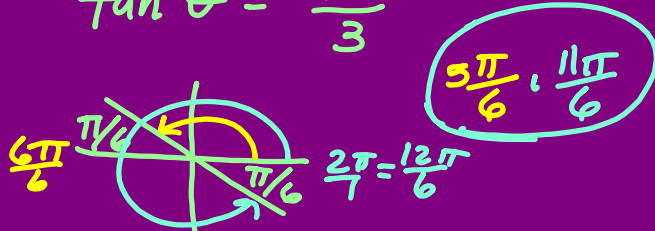
$$= \frac{\frac{1}{4} - \frac{2}{3}}{-2} = \frac{\frac{3}{6} - \frac{4}{6}}{-2}$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{1}{6} \cdot -\frac{1}{2}}{-2}$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{1}{12}}{-2}$$

Find all possible angles for θ
if $0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$.

$$\tan \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$



- 1) Find quadrants
- 2) Determine reference angles
- 3) Name angles.

Rads	Deg	^{csc} sin	cos	tan
0	0°	$\frac{\sqrt{0}}{2} = 0$	1	$\frac{0}{1} = 0$
$\frac{\pi}{6}$	30°	$\frac{\sqrt{1}}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{1/\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}/2} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$
$\frac{\pi}{4}$	45°	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = 1$
$\frac{\pi}{3}$	60°	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{1} = \sqrt{3}$
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$$\csc \theta = -\sqrt{2}$$

