|  | Name  |
|--|---|
| CALCULUS JOURNAL<br>TECHNIQUES OF INTEGRATION a) Integration by parts should be used when the integration problem contains |   |
|  |   |
| c) In integration by parts, you determine the funct  | tion to be set equal to <i>u</i> by                                     |
|  | and the function set equal to dv by                                     |
| d) Repeated integration by parts occurs when   | <br>  |
| e) When performing repeated integration by parts   | , you should NEVER  |
| d) What method should be applied when one or m same integration as the original problem?                                   | nore applications of integration by parts results in the                |
| Integration using trig integrals methods should be   | e applied when an integration problem contains                          |
| a) The method of trig substitution should be tried in the form,  | when a problem contains functions with expressions                      |
| b) You determine which trig substitution to use by   | y the following rules:  |
| Integral Expression  | Substitution  |
|  | x =   |
|  | x =   |
|  | x =   |
| c) If a trig substitution problem results in an expre<br>it should be returned to the original variable by                 | ession like $3\sec\theta$ or $2\sin\theta\cos\theta$ after integrating, |
| d) If a trig substitution problem results in an expr   | ession such as $4\theta$ after integrating, it should be                |

returned to the original expression by using

1.

2.

3.

4. a) Partial fractions should be used when a problem contains

 b) If you are given a rational expression in which the highest power in the numerator is greater than the highest power in the denominator, you should do before trying to break it into partial fractions.

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- 5. List the following rules, facts, or formulas.
  - a) Integration by Parts
  - b) The following expressions occur frequently in the process of integration by parts. State the integration rules for each
    - 5)  $\int \sin nx \, dx$

2)  $\int e^{nx} dx$ 

- 3)  $\int \tan x \, dx$
- 4)  $\int \cot x \, dx$
- 5)  $\int \ln x \, dx$
- c) Procedures for evaluating each of the following:  $\int \sin mx \cos nx \, dx$

 $\int \sin^m x \cos^n x \, dx$ 

m or n odd

*m* & *n* even

6) The following expressions occur frequently in the process of integration with trig integrals or trig substitution. Show how to <u>completely</u> integrate each of them. If one of these eventually results in another on this page, write "continues with letter . . ."

a) 
$$\int \cos^2 x \, dx$$

b) 
$$\int \sin^2 x \, dx$$

c) 
$$\int \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin^2\theta} d\theta$$

d) 
$$\int \frac{\sec\theta}{\tan^2\theta} d\theta$$

e) 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^2 \theta} d\theta$$

f)  $\int \tan^2 \theta \ d\theta$