

# SEMESTER REVIEW

Find average value ( $f_{ave}$ )

$$\star f_{ave} = \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x) dx$$

$$f(x) = 2x^3 + 4 \quad [1, 3]$$

$$f_{ave} = \frac{1}{3-1} \int_1^3 (2x^3 + 4) dx$$

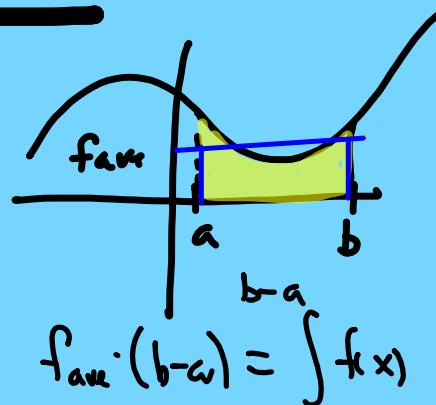
$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{2x^4}{4} + 4x \right]_1^3$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{81}{2} + 12 + \left( \frac{1}{2} + 4 \right) \right]$$

40 + 8

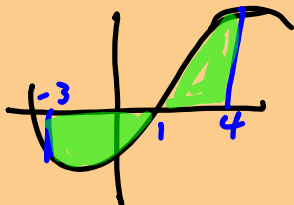
$$= \frac{1}{2} [48]$$

$$= 24$$



AREA + VOLUME

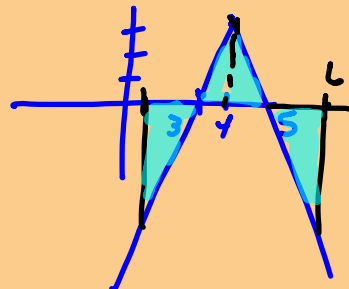
Area =



$$-\int_{-3}^1 f(x) dx + \int_1^4 f(x) dx$$

$$[1, 6]$$

$$f(x) = -3|x-4| + 3$$



$$-3(x-4) + 3 = -3x + 15$$

$$3(x-4) + 3 = 3x - 9$$

DISK

$$\pi \int_a^b (r_o)^2 - (r_i)^2 dx$$

$\square$  is  $\perp$  to  
axis of  
rev.

SHELL

$$2\pi \int_a^b r(f-g) dx$$

$\square$  is  $\parallel$  to axis  
of rev.

SLICING

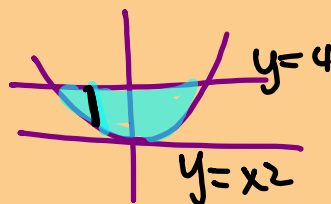
$$\int_a^b A(x) dx$$

Squares  $A = S^2$

Isos. Rt  $A = \frac{1}{2} S^2$

Egnil.  $\Delta$   $A = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} S^2$

Semicircles  $A = \frac{1}{2} \pi r^2$



Squares  $\int (4-x^2)^2 dx$

Semicircles  $\pi \int \left(\frac{4-x^2}{2}\right)^2 dx$

$$B(b) \quad \sqrt{y^2 + \sqrt{y^2 - 16}} \quad \begin{array}{l} y=0 \\ x=5 \end{array}$$

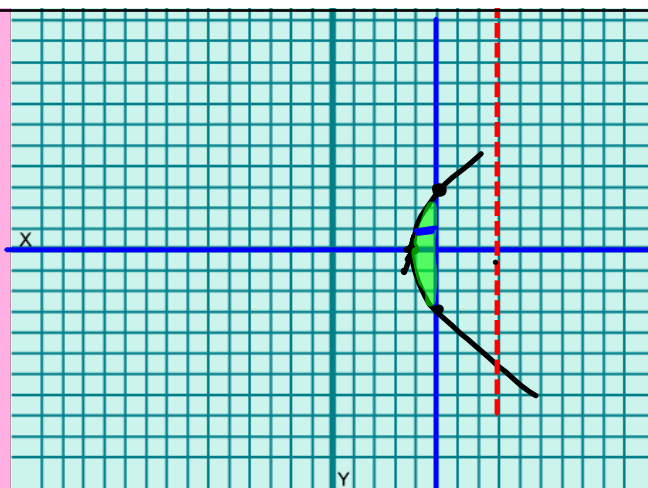
around y-axis

$$y = \pm \sqrt{x^2 - 16} \quad \begin{array}{l} 7 \mid 0 \\ 5 \mid 3 \end{array}$$

$$y^2 = x^2 - 16$$

$$\sqrt{y^2 + 16} = \sqrt{x^2}$$

$$\pi \int_0^3 \left[ 5^2 - (\sqrt{y^2 + 16})^2 \right] dy$$



Around  $x = 8$

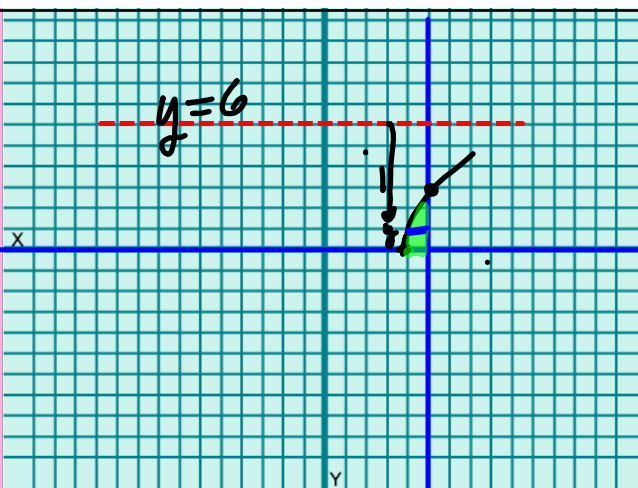
$$\pi \int_0^3 \left[ (8 - \sqrt{y^2 + 16})^2 - (8 - 5)^2 \right] dy$$

$$B(b) \quad \sqrt{y^2 + \sqrt{y^2 - 16}} \quad \begin{array}{l} y=0 \\ x=5 \end{array}$$

around y-axis

Shell Method  $x = \sqrt{y^2 + 16}$   
 $y = 6$   
 $2\pi \int_0^3 \underbrace{(6-y)}_{T-B} \underbrace{(5 - \sqrt{y^2 + 16})}_{R-L} dy$

Length of Curve  
 $\int_a^b \sqrt{1 + [f'(x)]^2} dx$



Surface Area  
 $\int_a^b f(x) \sqrt{1 + [f'(x)]^2} dx$

Find particular solution

$$\int \frac{dy}{dx} = \int x^4 + 4x^3 + 2x + 1 \quad y' = 4 \text{ when } x = -2$$

$$y = \text{_____} + C$$

Solve for C

$$a(t)$$

$$v(t) = \int a(t) dt$$

$$s(t) = \int v(t) dt$$

$$\int a(t) = \int 2t$$

$$v(t) = t^2 + C$$

$$20 = 4^2 + C$$

$$4 = C$$

$$\boxed{v(t) = t^2 + 4}$$

$$s(t)$$

$$v(t) = s'(t)$$

20 ft/sec  
after 4 sec

# Work

## Springs

$$F(x) = Kx$$

Force of = 40 lb moves 8 ft. past natural = 5 ft  
 natural length

$$40 = K \cdot 8$$

$$5 = K$$

How much force to stretch it 7 + 10 ft?

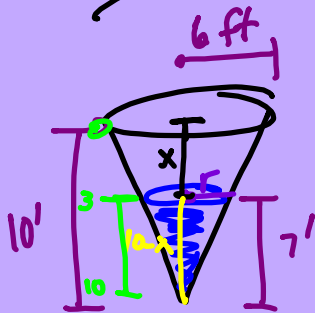
$$\int_2^5 5x \, dx$$

Helicopter = 40 ft

Chain = 5 lb/ft

Bucket of water = 500 lb.  
 losing 3 lb/ft.

$$\int_0^{40} (500 - 3x) + (200 - 5x)$$



$$\frac{r}{6} = \frac{10-x}{10}$$

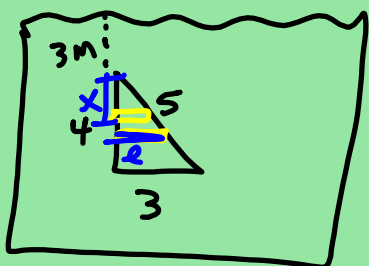
$$r = \frac{6}{10}(10-x)$$

Pump water out of tank.

$$P \int_a^b A(x) \cdot \text{depth} \cdot dx$$

$$62.4 \int_3^{10} \pi \left[ \frac{6(10-x)}{10} \right]^2 \cdot x \, dx$$

# Fluid Force



$$\rho \int (x+3) dx$$

↓ depth

