

# SPECIAL ANGLES-RADIANS

$$\sin \frac{7\pi}{6}$$

$$1\frac{1}{6}$$

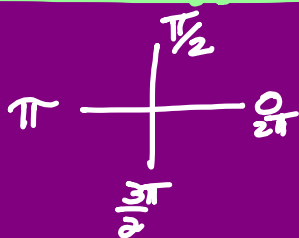


$$-\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\sec \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$\frac{2}{\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$-\sqrt{2}$$



Rads	Deg	<sup>csc</sup> sin	<sup>sec</sup> cos	<sup>cot</sup> tan
0	0°	$\frac{1}{0} = \text{undef}$	1	$\frac{0}{1} = 0$
$\frac{\pi}{6}$	30°	$\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} = 2$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{1/\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}/2} = \frac{2}{3}$
$\frac{\pi}{4}$	45°	$\frac{1}{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = 1$
$\frac{\pi}{3}$	60°	$\frac{1}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{1} = \sqrt{3}$
$\frac{\pi}{2}$	90°	$\frac{1}{1} = 1$	0	$\frac{1}{0} = \text{undef}$

$$\cot \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} = 2$$



Rads	Deg	$\csc$ $\sin$	$\sec$ $\cos$	$\cot$ $\tan$
0	0°	$\frac{1}{0} = \text{undef}$	1	$\frac{0}{1} = 0$
$\frac{\pi}{6}$	30°	$\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} = 2$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{1/\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}/2} = \frac{2}{3}$
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$\frac{\pi}{2}$	90°	$\frac{1}{1} = 1$	0	$\frac{1}{0} = \text{undef}$

$2^{3/4}$   $\frac{\pi}{4}$   $\frac{\pi}{3}$   $-\frac{1}{3}$   $\frac{1}{6}$   
 $\cos^2 \frac{11\pi}{4} + \csc\left(-\frac{4\pi}{3}\right) \tan\left(\frac{11\pi}{6}\right)$

$\sin \frac{11\pi}{2} + \cos 17\pi$   
 $5\frac{1}{2} \quad \bullet \quad + \quad 0$

$\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)$   
 $-1 \quad + \quad -1$

$= \frac{\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{3}}{-2}$

$= \frac{\frac{3}{6} - \frac{4}{6}}{-2} = \frac{+\frac{1}{6}}{+2}$

$= \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$

$= \frac{1}{12}$

Rads	Deg	csc sin	sec cos	cot tan
0	0°	$\frac{1}{0} = \text{undef}$	1	$\frac{0}{1} = 0$
$\pi/6$	30°	$\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} = 2$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{1/\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}/2} = \frac{2}{3}$
$\pi/4$	45°	$\frac{1}{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = 1$
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$\pi/2$	90°	$\frac{1}{1} = 1$	0	$\frac{0}{0} = \text{undef}$

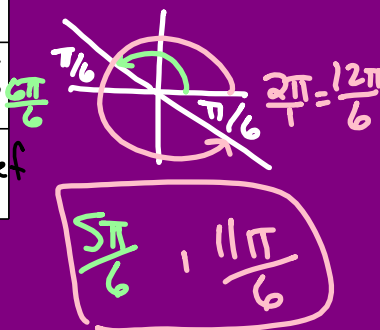
Find angle  $\theta$  if  
 $0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$ .

$$\tan \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

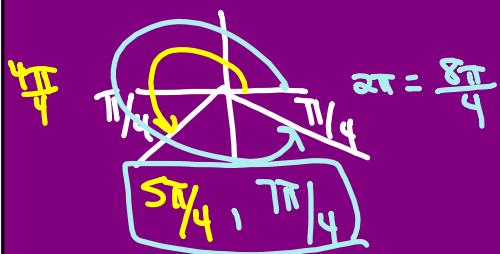
1) Find quadrants

2) Find ref. angle in rads

3) Name angles.



$$\csc \theta = -\sqrt{2}$$



$$\cot \theta = 0$$



$$\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

