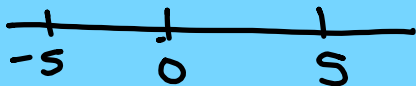


ABSOLUTE VALUE

$$|-5| = 5$$



$$|x| = 4$$

$$x = 4 \text{ or } x = -4$$

$$|K+6| = 9$$

$$K+6=9 \quad K+6=-9$$

$$K=3 \text{ or } K=-15$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2|x+2| + 12 = 0 \\ -12 \quad -12 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2|x+2| = -12 \\ -2 \quad -2 \end{array}$$

$$|x+2| = 6$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x+2 = 6 \\ -2 \quad -2 \end{array} \text{ or } \begin{array}{r} x+2 = -6 \\ -2 \quad -2 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{x = 4 \quad x = -8}$$

- 1) Isolate the abs. value
- 2) Write + solve 2 equations

$$|x+3| = -7$$

No solution

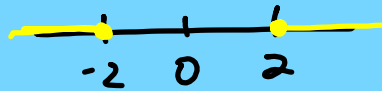
Abs. Value Inequalities

$$|x| < 3$$



AND
Less Than AND

$$|x| \geq 2$$



OR
Great OR

$$4|6x+2| + 20 > 12$$

$-20 \quad -20$

$$\frac{4|6x+2|}{4} > \frac{-8}{4}$$

$$|6x+2| > -2$$

R

- 1) Isolate abs value
- 2) Write + solve 2 ineq.
- 3) Graph + name solution

$$|3x+5| < -3$$

No solution

$$-5|6x-8| + 45 > -15$$

-45 -45

$$\frac{-5|6x-8|}{-5} > \frac{-60}{-5}$$

$$|6x-8| < 12$$

$$6x-8 < 12$$

$+8$ $+8$

$$\frac{6x}{6} < \frac{20}{6}$$

$$x < \frac{10}{3}$$

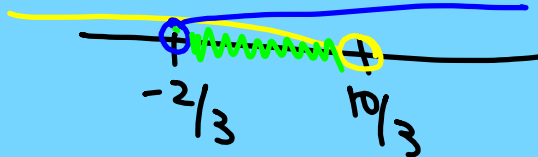
AND

$$6x-8 > -12$$

$+8$ $+8$

$$\frac{6x}{6} > \frac{-4}{6}$$


$$x > -\frac{2}{3}$$



$$-\frac{2}{3} < x < \frac{10}{3}$$

Matrix - a rectangular array of numbers enclosed in brackets

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ -1 & 0 & 8 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$$
 Dimensions: # of Rows \times # of columns
 2 \times 4


 element

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -6 \\ 4 & 2 \\ 5 & -1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 0 \\ -9 & 3 \\ 5 & 7 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 11 & -6 \\ -5 & 5 \\ 10 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -7 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 8 & -7 & 6 \\ 3 & 0 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \text{not possible}$$

$$3 \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 \\ 5 & -1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 7 \\ 9 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 18 \\ 15 & -3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -8 & -7 \\ -9 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 11 \\ 6 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrix Multiplication

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 4 \\ 1 & 0 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ -2 & 6 \\ -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

2×3 must be same 3×2

$$(7 \times 5) \cdot (5 \times 3) = 7 \times 3$$

$$(9 \times 2) \cdot (2 \times 4) = 9 \times 4$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 15 + 4 + -4 & 0 + -12 + 12 \\ 5 + 0 + 5 & 0 + 0 + -15 \end{bmatrix}$$

2×2

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 15 & 0 \\ 10 & -15 \end{bmatrix}$$