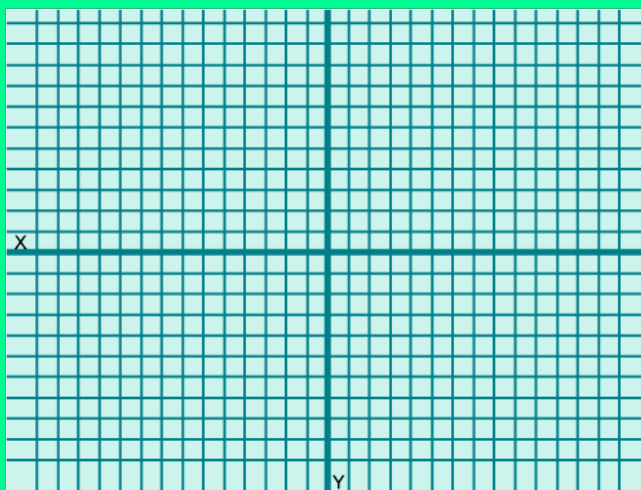
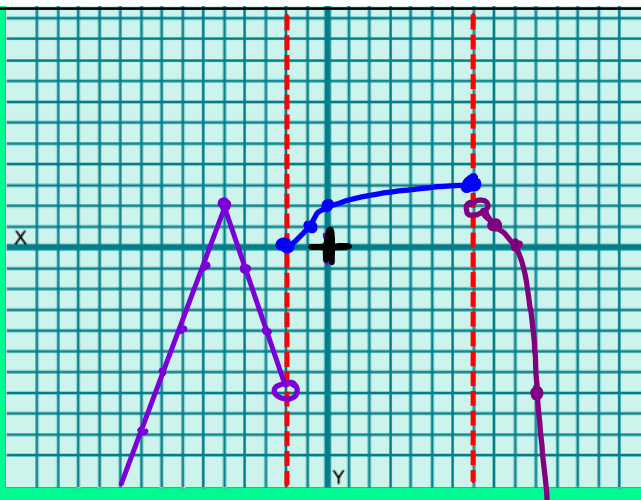


PIECEWISE FUNCTIONS

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -3|x-5|+2 & x < -2 \\ \sqrt[3]{x+1} + 1 & -2 \leq x \leq 7 \\ -(x-8)^3 + 1 & x > 7 \end{cases}$$

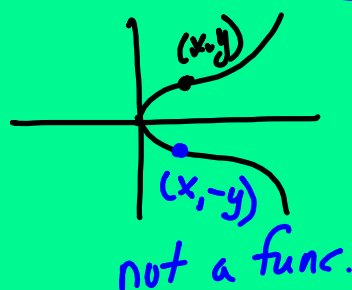
$$\begin{array}{r|l} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 8 & 2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -8 \end{array}$$

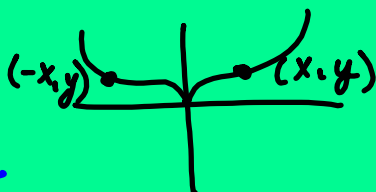


Symmetry of Graphs

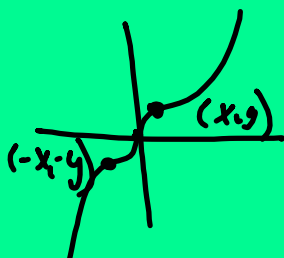
x-axis
sub in $-y$



y-axis
sub in $-x$



Origin
sub in $-x$
and $-y$.



$$y = 2x^2 + 1$$

x-axis $-y = 2x^2 + 1$ No

y-axis $y = 2(-x)^2 + 1$
 $y = 2x^2 + 1$ yes

Must get
Original
back y.

origin
 $-y = 2(-x)^2 + 1$
 $-y = 2x^2 + 1$ No

Has y-axis
Symmetry

$$4xy + 2x^2 = 7$$

x-axis
sub in $-y$ $4x(-y) + 2x^2 = 7$
 $-4xy + 2x^2 = 7$ No

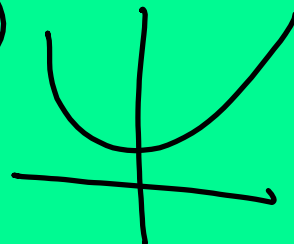
y-axis
sub in $-x$ $4(-x)y + 2(-x)^2 = 7$
 $-4xy + 2x^2 = 7$ No

Origin
sub in $-x$ and $-y$ $4(-x)(-y) + 2(-x)^2 = 7$
 $4xy + 2x^2 = 7$ yes

EVEN/ODD FUNCTIONS ← must pass vertical line test

EVEN $f(-x) = f(x)$ (same as y-axis symm.)

ODD $f(-x) = -f(x)$ (same as origin symm.)



Even, Odd, Neither?

$$f(x) = 3x^6 - 2x^2 + 4$$

$$f(-x) = 3(-x)^6 - 2(-x)^2 + 4 = 3x^6 - 2x^2 + 4 \leftarrow \text{same as original eq.} = \text{Even}$$

$$f(x) = x^3 - x + 1$$

$$f(-x) = (-x)^3 - (-x) + 1 = -x^3 + x + 1 \leftarrow \text{not original eq., not even}$$

$$= -(x^3 - x - 1) \leftarrow \text{not original eq.} = \boxed{\text{Neither}}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{4x}{3x^2 - 5} \quad \begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{matrix}$$

$$f(-x) = \frac{4(-x)}{3(-x)^2 - 5} = \frac{-4x}{3x^2 - 5} \leftarrow \text{not original, not even}$$

$$= -\frac{4x}{3x^2 - 5} \quad \text{ODD}$$