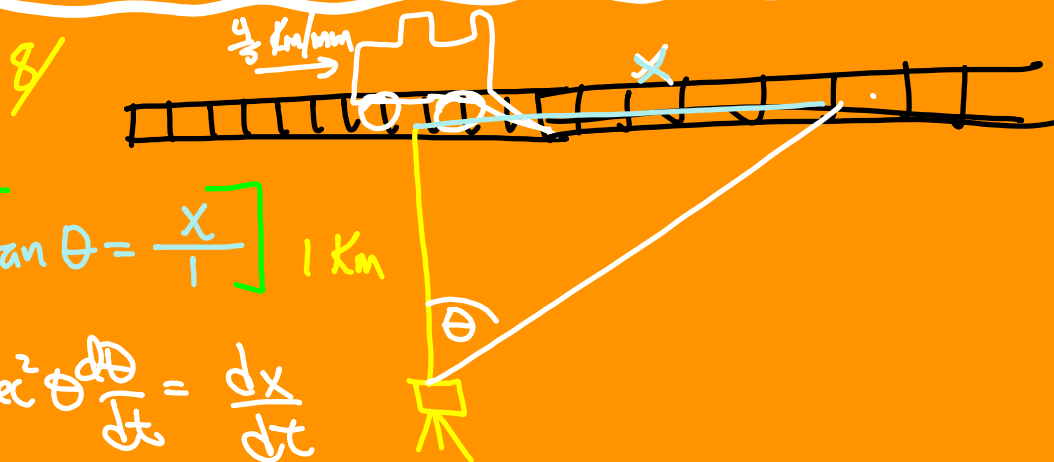


RELATED RATES 3



$$\tan \theta = \frac{x}{1} \quad 1 \text{ km}$$

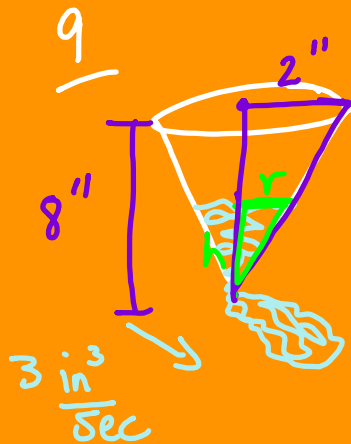
$$\sec^2 \theta \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\left(\sec \frac{\pi}{3}\right)^2 \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$(2)^2 \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \cdot 4 \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{4}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{1}{5} \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{min}}$$



$$\frac{r}{2} = \frac{h}{8}$$

$$\frac{8r}{8} = \frac{2h}{8}$$

$$r = \frac{1}{4}h$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi \left(\frac{1}{4} h \right)^2 \cdot h$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \pi \left(\frac{1}{16} h^2 \right) h$$

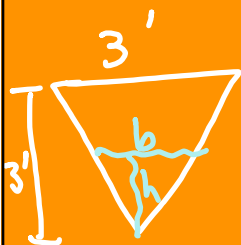
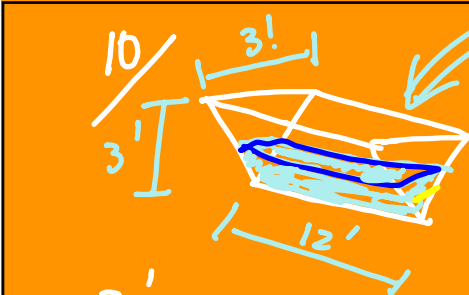
$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[V = \frac{1}{48} \pi h^3 \right]$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{1}{16} \pi h^2 \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$-3 = \frac{1}{16} \pi (5)^2 \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{16}{25\pi} \cdot -3 = \frac{25\pi}{16} \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$-\frac{48}{25\pi} \frac{\text{in}}{\text{sec}} = \frac{dh}{dt}$$



$$\frac{3}{3} = \frac{b}{h}$$

$$\frac{3h}{3} = \frac{3b}{3}$$

$$h = b$$

$$V = \frac{1}{2}bh l$$

$$V = \frac{1}{2}bh (12)$$

$$V = 6bh$$

$$V = 6(h)(h)$$

$$V = 6h^2$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 12h \frac{dh}{dt}$$

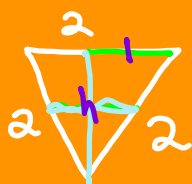
$$\frac{10}{\text{ft}^3/\text{min}} = 12(2) \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{10}{24} = \frac{dh}{dt}$$

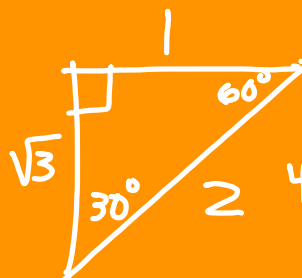
$$\boxed{\frac{5}{12} \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{min}} = \frac{dh}{dt}}$$

#9 Watch units!

#11



$$1^2 + h^2 = 2^2$$



50/



Revolves 4 times each min.

$$\theta = 2\pi \cdot 4 = 8\pi \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{min}}$$