

# PROBABILITY

$$\text{Prob}(\text{gentleman}) = \frac{7}{11}$$

$$\text{Probability} = \frac{\# \text{ of ways to succeed}}{\text{total possible outcomes}} \quad 0 \leq p \leq 1$$

$$\text{Odds} = \frac{\# \text{ of ways to succeed}}{\# \text{ of ways to fail}} \quad \text{odds} \geq 0$$

$$\text{Prob}(\text{not wearing black shoes}) = \frac{8}{11}$$

$$\text{Odds}(\text{not wearing black shoes}) = \frac{8}{3}$$

$$\text{Prob}(\text{storm}) = \frac{5}{7} \frac{\text{suc-storm}}{\text{total}}$$

$$\text{Odds}(\text{storm}) = \frac{\text{suc}}{\text{fail}} = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\text{Odds}(\text{no tornado}) = \frac{5 \text{ no tornado}}{3 \text{ tornado}}$$

$$\text{Prob}(\text{tornado}) = \frac{\text{tornado}}{\text{total}} = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$\text{Horse 1} = \text{odds} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\text{Horse 2} = \text{odds} = \frac{20}{1}$$

Theoretical probability--the probability that should occur based on rules or formulas

Experimental probability--Estimating the probability of an event by performing the activity many times and using the results to estimate the probability

↑  
1000's

Sample Space--all possible outcomes from an event

Given: 2 coins (Nickel & Quarter) and 3 marbles (2 purple, 1 blue)

Select 1 coin and 2 marbles. List the sample space.

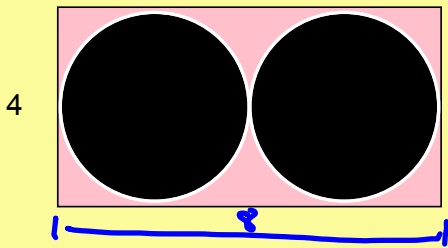
N	P	P	Q	P	P
N	P	B	Q	P	B
N	B	P	Q	B	P

$$P(\text{at least one P}) = \frac{6}{6} = 1$$

$$P(\text{blue}) = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

What is the probability of selecting a nickel and at least one purple marble?

Geometric Probability--Estimating the probability using the area of a figure



Prob (lands on pink)

$$\frac{\text{Area (pink)}}{\text{Area (whole)}} = \frac{32 - 8\pi}{32} \approx 0.215$$

$$\text{Rect} = 4 \cdot 8 = 32$$

$$\text{Circle} = \pi r^2 = \pi (2)^2 = 4\pi$$

$$\text{Pink} = 32 - 2(4\pi) = 32 - 8\pi$$

$$\text{Rect} = l \cdot w$$

$$\text{Triangle} = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$\text{Circle} = \pi r^2$$

The Easter bunny brings you an Easter basket filled with 6 peanut butter eggs, 4 caramel eggs, and 2 solid chocolate eggs. Your mother will only allow you to have 3 eggs at a time.

What is the probability that you select 3 peanut butter eggs?

$$\begin{array}{cc} P & P & P & P & M & P \\ P & P & M & P & M & M \\ P & P & C & P & M & C \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\text{suc}}{\text{total}} = \frac{{}^6C_3}{{}^{12}C_3} = \frac{1}{11} \approx 0.0909$$

Always find probability first!

What are the odds that you select 3 peanut butter eggs?

$$\text{Odds} = \frac{\text{suc}}{\text{fail}} = \frac{{}^6C_3}{C} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$\text{Prob} = \frac{1}{11} \frac{\text{suc}}{\text{total}}$$

$$\text{Odds} = \frac{1}{10}$$

What is the probability that you select 2 caramel eggs and 1 chocolate egg?

$$\frac{{}^4C_2 \cdot {}^2C_1}{{}^{12}C_3} = \frac{3}{55}$$

$$\text{AND} = \text{multiply}$$

$$\text{Odds} = \frac{3}{52}$$

If 5 eggs are selected, what is the probability of selecting 3 caramel eggs?

$$\text{Prob} \left( \begin{array}{c} 3 \text{ caramel and} \\ 2 \text{ other} \end{array} \right) = \frac{{}^4C_3 \cdot {}^8C_2}{{}^{12}C_5} = \frac{14}{99} \approx 0.141$$

6 peanut butter  
 4 caramel  
 2 chocolate