

TECHNIQUES OF INTEGRATION

REVIEW

intg by parts

$$\int x^3 \ln x$$

$$u = \quad \quad dv =$$

$$du = \quad \quad v = \text{intg.}$$

$$\int u dv = \underline{uv - \int v du}$$

$$\cos^2 x = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos 2x)$$

$$\sin^2 x = \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos 2x)$$

2b) $\int \sqrt{9+x^2} dx \quad x = 3 \tan \theta$

3) $u = \sin^{-1} x \quad dv = dx$
 $du = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \quad v = x$

4) $\int \sin 4x \cos 8x dx$
 Sum & product identity

$$\int \sin^2 x \cos^3 x \, dx$$

$$\int \sin^2 x \cdot \cos^2 x \cos x \, dx$$

$$\int \sin^2 x (1 - \sin^2 x) \cos x \, dx$$

$$\int (\sin^2 x - \sin^4 x) \cos x \, dx$$

$$u = \sin x$$

$$\int \sin^4 x \cos^2 x \, dx$$

$$\int (\sin^2 x)^2 \cos^2 x \, dx$$

$$\int \left[\frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos 2x) \right]^2 \left[\frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos 2x) \right] dx$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \int (1 - \cos 2x)(1 - \cos 2x)(1 + \cos 2x) dx$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \int (1 - \cos^2 2x)(1 - \cos^2 2x) dx$$

Distribute,
Split to 2 integ.

$$\sin^2 2x = \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos 4x)$$