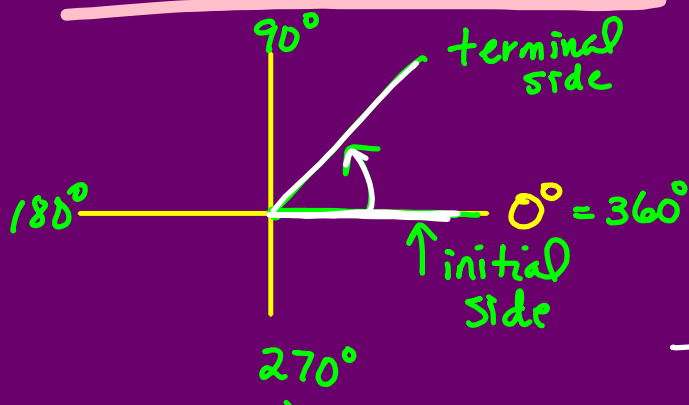


TRIGONOMETRY



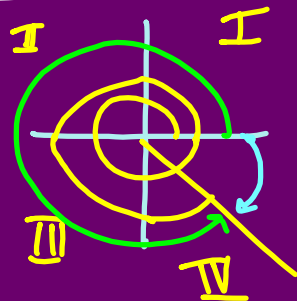
Trigonon - Triangle
Metry - Measure

Coterminal angles (Sec. 1.2)

angles that share the same terminal side

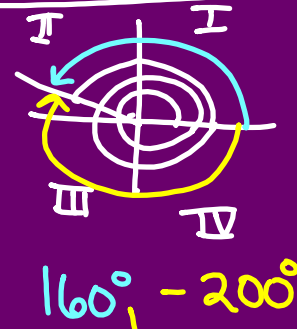
$$\begin{array}{r} 670^\circ \\ - 360^\circ \\ \hline 310 \end{array}$$

$310^\circ, -50^\circ$



$$\begin{array}{r} 880^\circ \\ - 720^\circ \\ \hline 160^\circ \end{array}$$

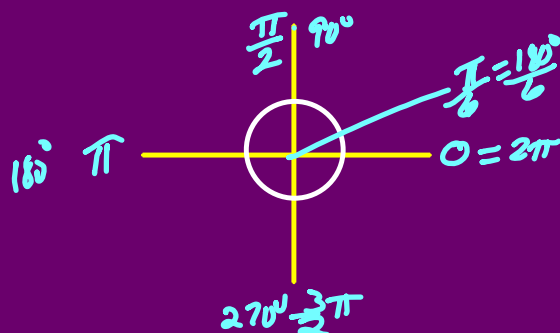
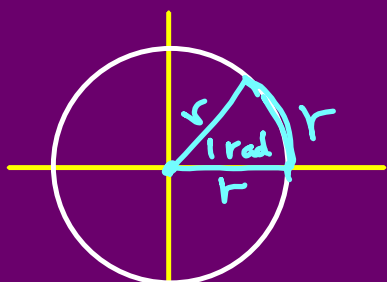
$$\begin{array}{r} 360^\circ \\ - 160^\circ \\ \hline 200^\circ \end{array}$$



$160^\circ, -200^\circ$

RADIANS (Sec. 3.1)

$$60^\circ \cdot 5 \text{ cm} = 300 \text{ deg-cm}$$



$$\frac{1 \text{ rad}}{r} = \frac{360^\circ}{2\pi r}$$

$$\frac{2\pi \text{ rad}}{r} = \frac{360^\circ}{r}$$

$$2\pi \text{ rad} = 360^\circ$$

$$\boxed{\pi \text{ rad} = 180^\circ}$$

$$2\pi \text{ rad} \cdot 10 \text{ ft} = 20\pi \text{ ft.}$$

Degrees \rightarrow Rads

$$140^\circ \cdot \frac{\pi \text{ rad}}{180^\circ}$$

$$= \frac{140}{180} \pi$$

$$= \frac{7\pi}{9} \text{ rads}$$

Radians \rightarrow Degrees

$$\frac{13\pi}{9} \cdot \frac{180^\circ}{\pi} = 260^\circ$$

SOLVING RIGHT Δ 's

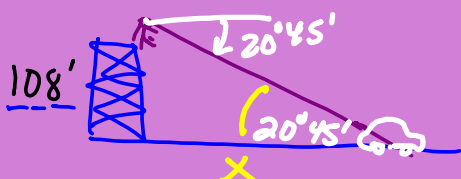
Angle of elevation



Angle of Depression

$$1^\circ = 60' \text{ (min.)}$$

$$1' = 60'' \text{ (sec.)}$$



The angle of depression from the top of the tower to the car is $20^\circ 45'$. How far is the car from the base of the tower?

$$\tan A = \frac{o}{a}$$

$$x \cdot \tan 20^\circ 45' = \frac{108}{x}$$

$$x = \frac{108}{\tan 20^\circ 45'}$$

$$x = \underline{285 \text{ ft.}}$$

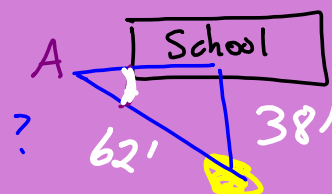
$$\sin A = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\cos A = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\tan A = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$$

soh cah toa

A gold deposit has been located 38' directly under NCHS. If the length of the diagonal tunnel will be 62', what is the angle of depression?



$$\sin A = \frac{38}{62}$$

$$\sin^{-1}(38/62) = 37^\circ 50'$$

If need Deg/Min/Sec:
 Book
 Press "D"
 ► DMS

TRIG FUNCTIONS

$$\sin \theta = \frac{\text{your}}{\text{rotten}} \quad \csc \theta = \frac{r}{y}$$

stick

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\text{xylophone}}{\text{right}} \quad \sec \theta = \frac{r}{x}$$

crazy

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\text{your}}{x} \quad \cot \theta = \frac{x}{y}$$

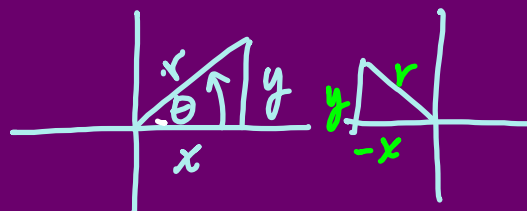
through

$$\frac{\sin \theta}{\csc \theta} = 1 \quad \frac{\cos \theta}{\sec \theta} = 1$$

star

$$\frac{\tan \theta}{\cot \theta} = 1 \quad \frac{\sec \theta}{\sec \theta} = 1$$

Trig Class



θ theta

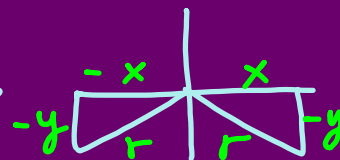
α alpha

β beta

γ gamma

ϕ phi

ω omega



Sec 1.4 What quadrant?

$$\frac{x}{x} \sin \theta > 0 + \cot \theta \leq 0$$

II

$$\sec \theta < 0 \quad \csc \theta < 0$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{y}{r} \quad \csc \theta = \frac{r}{y}$$

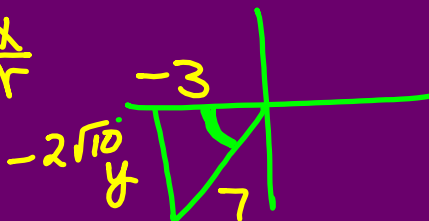
$$\cos \theta = \frac{x}{r} \quad \sec \theta = \frac{r}{x}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{y}{x} \quad \cot \theta = \frac{x}{y}$$

Angle θ passes through the point $(-2, 5)$. Find $\sin \theta$.

$\sin \theta$ $\csc \theta$	All
$\tan \theta$ $\cot \theta$	$\cos \theta$ $\sec \theta$

If $\cos \theta = \frac{-3}{7}$
 $\& \cot \theta \geq 0$
 find $\csc \theta$.



$$\csc \theta = \frac{r}{y} = \frac{7 \cdot \sqrt{10}}{-2\sqrt{10} \cdot \sqrt{10}} = \boxed{\frac{-7\sqrt{10}}{20}}$$

$$y^2 + (-3)^2 = 7^2$$

$$y^2 + 9 = 49$$

$$\sqrt{y^2} = \sqrt{40} \quad 4 \cdot 10$$

$$y = \pm 2\sqrt{10}$$

